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BE ON YOUR GUARD

The Watchword for the Great Convention.

SOME IMPENDING DANGERS.

Programme of the National Council at Indianapolis—A Brief Discussion of Candidates—The Men Will Be Forthcoming at the People's Demand.

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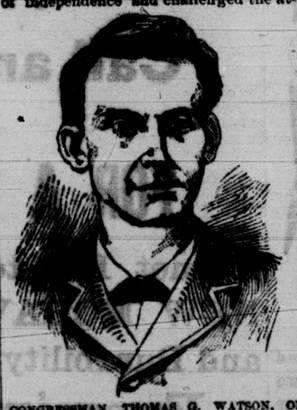
Before this letter reaches the readers of this correspondence the November elections will have been held, and the eyes of Alliance men and of the friends of reform everywhere will begin to turn toward Indianapolis. The elections this year have been of far less importance than those of last November. Last year the people struck their first great blow of independence and challenged the at-



CONGRESSMAN THOMAS G. WATSON, OF GEORGIA.

tention of the country. Since then their efforts have all been preliminary to the great national struggle of 1892. So while the campaign just closed has fully demonstrated a vast growth of the people's cause, it has been only a step in preparation for the great struggle which practically opens with the Indianapolis convention on the 17th inst.

* * * * * *

Here is the programme, subject to minor modification or change, of the meeting of the supreme council of the Alliance:

On the first day, Tuesday, Nov. 17, the addresses of welcome will be delivered at Tomlinson hall by Mayor Sullivan and President Force, of the state Alliance; the responses will be by J. F. Tillman and J. F. Willetts. The afternoon will be devoted to an executive session, and in the evening President L. L. Polk will deliver his address.

On Wednesday addresses will be made by the president of the F. M. B. A., National Lecturer J. F. Willetts, and in the afternoon the executive session will be continued. In the evening C. W. Macune and others will speak.

Thursday morning Jerry Simpson and Alonso Wardall will speak, and in the evening John P. Stelle and Mrs. Anna L. Driggs.

Friday the forenoon addresses will be by J. H. Turner and B. H. Clover, and in the evening L. F. Livingston and H. L. Loucks.

Saturday J. H. McDowell and Senator Peffer will speak, and at night T. V. Powderly and Ben Terrell.

Monday evening Ignatius Donnelly will address the council.

On Tuesday, the last day, William Erwin, Mrs. Lease, R. M. Humphrey and J. W. Weaver will speak.

* * * * * *

There is no denying that the meeting of the supreme council will be a critical time for the Alliance. Tremendous issues and tremendous influences will go into the convention. The Alliance must remain true to the cause of the whole people or the Indianapolis convention will mark the turning of the tide and disaster will follow. The seductive influence most of all to be guarded against will be that which seeks to secure just a little modification of the Alliance demands so that one of the old parties can adopt them and make them a part of its platform. Such a policy would be suicidal if adopted. The people would be humbugged and their cause would be sold out.

* * * * * *

The situation impels me to repeat a warning to which I called attention last summer—namely, that platform concessions are worthless. Ante-election promises are mere buncombe. They are made to catch voters and are never intended to be kept. The wonder is that anybody nowadays is deceived by the empty professions of either of the old parties. What if one of the old parties should adopt the Alliance platform entire, and then nominate Cleveland or Harrison upon it, as the case might be, are the people going to be such fools as to vote for either of those men in the fond belief that they would undertake to apply the principles set forth in that platform? The time has gone by for catching sensible men with such chaff. It is men and results that the people demand, and they'll have them.

* * * * * *

I see it sneeringly asked by the plutocratic newspapers, What men the Alliance or People's party have to offer for high positions of national trust? Never fear, gentlemen; the men will be forthcoming. No great crisis ever yet lacked men to meet it. Nor are they yet unrecognized by those who know the personnel of the new government as I do. I have in my mind's eye a man, a born leader of men, broad minded, keen witted, a farmer statesman, a man of the people, a second Abraham Lincoln. I shall not name him, for I advocate the claims of no man. Furthermore, he is in no sense a candidate, and if he was he would surely be defeated, as any man would be who seeks to gratify personal ambition by means of the reform movement. The man for the occasion will be called by the people when the time comes. He will not be selected from among clamorous aspirants.

* * * * * *

This much more I will say about this subject of candidates into which I have prematurely drifted: The man whose strong, rugged figure has been in imagination before me as I wrote these last lines is a southerner. I hope the new party will be the first to select a man from the new south to be its standard bearer. I am a northern man, and I think I know something about northern sentiment. I believe, I know, that the north is utterly sick and tired of bloody shirt talk. If a clean, whole souled southerner should be nominated for president there is no class of men in America who would support him more enthusiastically than the members of the Grand Army of the Republic.

He would win support throughout the north and west simply because he was a southerner. That marvelous scene in the convention hall at Cincinnati last May had a significance which the mean little bipeds who nowadays make politics their business have no power to comprehend. So give us a man from the great and glorious rejuvenated south, and the north will welcome him with open arms.

* * * * * *

But the duty of the hour is Watch. Let every man who goes to Indianapolis be on guard. Be true to your trusts, true to the people, and their great cause will be safe in this the most important convention that has met since the war.

H. R. CHAMBERLAIN.

The Warning to Wall Street.

The Montgomery (Ala.) Alliance Herald has these brave and truthful words:

Regarding Mr. Cleveland as the exponent of Wall street and the tool of plutocracy, the man who contends for his nomination is an enemy to his country, its institutions and popular liberty. Read it in the history of the last twenty-five years. Thirty years ago the agriculturalists of this country owned 80 per cent. of its wealth; twenty years ago 60 per cent.; ten years ago 40 per cent.; in 1890 they owned 22 per cent. with three-fourths of that under mortgage. The financial system of this country wrought that ruin. That is Wall street policy and a demonstration of it. Who wants it continued?

Mr. Cleveland may be nominated and he may be elected by the house of representatives; but if it should happen, two-thirds of the states would pass stay laws and put such a stringent quietus on the exactions of Shylock that the business interests would be paralyzed for a dozen of years. Push it to the point where the farmers have no hope of redemption of their homes nor any prospect of getting out of debt, and they will rise in their majesty and protest in such language that it will shake the world with its reverberation. Wall street may get control for four more years, but it will be worse than Black Friday for it in less than a year afterward. There is just as much [illegible] will be tolerated. There will never be much nearer serfdom for the people than now—only what two years may bring forth. "Self preservation is the first law of nature," and the people of the United States know how to exercise self preservation in any extremity that may arise.

Queer Kind of Progress.

In 1850 the farmers owned 70 per cent. of the wealth of the nation; in 1890 they own less than 24 per cent. of the wealth, and yet pay 80 per cent. of the taxes.

In the old days mortgaged homes were almost unknown; now we have 9,000,000 mortgages.

The United States is the largest tenant farming nation in the world, and we are making progress in this direction very fast.

Two hundred families as rich as the Vanderbilts would own every dollar of property now in our great country—progress.

One person in each 25,000 today has more money than all the rest of the 24,999—progress.

About 15,000 farmers' homes are now sold out by the sheriff in a year to make up the balance of the interest account that the entire crops of the mortgaged farms can't pay—progress.

Three-fifths of the entire wealth of the United States is $36,250,000,000, and this vast sum is owned by one-twentieth of 1 per cent. of the population. This is great progress. Let us think on these things.—Mortimer Whitehead, Lecturer of National Grange.

The People Against the Plutocrats.

In the fight that is now on, there are but two sides. It is the people against the plutocrats; the man against the dollar. There is no middle ground. You are either for the people or you are against them. As the fight now stands, it is a dangerous experiment to press any personal opinion or private conviction against the manifest will and conviction of a clear majority, because this creates dissension in the ranks and gives aid to the enemies of the people. The battle has commenced; you can not change your position now. If you withdraw from one single point, it will be heralded as a retreat, a defeat. If any mistakes have been made in our platform they must be remedied after the battle, after the victory is gained. Meet the enemy at every point and fight him. Have no mercy upon the traitor or the coward. "Forward" is the word. Catch it up and pass it along the line, and close up the ranks.—National Economist.

In Switzerland.

Almost the same state of affairs reigned in Switzerland fifty years ago that we have at present in the United States. The usurer and the party in power worked hand in hand. Their object was to usurp by the legal mode of usury the control of the farms of the country, and they had almost succeeded, when the people arose en masse and said at the polls of 1846: "No further! This is a country of freemen and free we intend to remain."—Portland (Ore.) Reform Journal.

A Silly Sneer at Farmers.

The farmers have not got sense enough to make or construe laws, say the smart Alecks. Which is the most dangerous, a pilot who is skillful, but at the same time determined to run our ship on a shoal and wreck her, or the unskillful pilot who means well and will do his best to miss the shoal? But who runs this country anyway? Take the farmers out and it would soon be a howling wilderness. The politician of today would then have his abiding place in the caves and cliffs or bury himself in the sand.—Progressive Farmer.

SAMPLES OF THEIR LYING

REFUTING SOME OF THE LATEST SLANDERS.

Silly Talk About Stanford's Ambitious Plans—The Georgia Legislature Indorses the Ocala Platform—Statistics of Falsehood.

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Viewed as a curiosity the gall and impudence of some of the correspondents of the "metropolitan" press discount anything that has been achieved or discovered since the construction of the pyramids of Egypt. Last week some brilliant genius in San Francisco sent the New York Mail and Express (otherwise known as the "Wail and Distress") a telegram from which the following is taken:

"It is learned from sources wholly reliable that Senator Leland Stanford is the power back of the Farmers' Alliance movement. Bill Stow, a noted lobbyist and wire puller from the Southern Pacific company, is engineering the scheme to have Stanford nominated for president by the National Farmers' Alliance. President L. L. Polk, of the Alliance party, who arrived on the Pacific coast a few days ago, has been addressing the farmers of southern California. He came to the state upon invitation of Senator Stanford, who was anxious to increase, if possible, the interest in the Alliance movement in southern California, a section of the state where Stanford is rather unpopular.

"The senator has his plans for the Alliance nomination well laid. The ticket will be Stanford and Polk or Stanford and Morgan. The senator is determined to get the nomination, and money will be used lavishly among the leaders of the new party to this end. He has already in his interest some of the best political managers and manipulators in America. These will be backed with millions, if necessary."

* * * * * *

If you should sit down and engage in conversation with the person who sent that dispatch, he would in all probability say that "newspaper men do not print anything unless they have some foundation for the statements they make." And yet this fellow sits down deliberately and writes what he knows to be a lie. In other words, he didn't know it was the truth, and therefore he is responsible for the lie. It may be that his foundation for sending out this statement was a small modicum of the millions which he talks about so glibly.

* * * * * *

President Polk does not know anything about the wirepuller Bill Stow, and Senator Stanford never knew anything about President Polk's visit to California. He went there on a pressing invitation from President Marion Cannon, of the California state Alliance, and Mr. Cannon is uncompromisingly opposed to even so much as talking about the bare possibility of Mr. Stanford's presidential candidacy. He will have [illegible]

* * * * * *

But to cap the climax, this colossal genius of a correspondent says:

"This is not idle talk, but embraces a scheme that is in active working order throughout the United States."

He is perhaps the only fellow who knows anything about this "scheme," and it may be that it is worth something to him to know it. But he must not imagine that there are many Alliance men like him. There may possibly be a few Alliance men who would sell out cheap, but the average member can't be bought for less than a million dollars, spot cash, and this correspondent's gauzy and glittering scheme would absorb all the millions on the Pacific coast before two ordinary Alliance townships could be induced to "whoop up the boom." We can't speak with knowledge concerning the price of "some of the best political managers and manipulators in America."

We know, however, and speak with knowledge when we say that no amount of millions can make any man the political god of the Alliance. It will take brains and sterling honesty to do this.

* * * * * *

Some weeks ago it was announced by the press with a grand flourish of trumpets that a resolution had been introduced into the Georgia legislature favoring the Alliance platform, and that it had been rejected by a vote of 84 to 68, or thereabout. But this whole thing was a fabrication. It was an abominable announcement, and when subsequent action showed that anything but the truth had been told, the press kept obediently and deliciously silent about it. Now let's have the truth about it. Before the legislature adjourned Mr. Trammell introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, By the house of representatives, the senate concurring, that our senators and representatives in congress be and they are hereby requested to use their influence and votes to secure legislation which will correct the evils complained of by the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial union in convention at Ocala, Fla., especially those that relate to the present financial and taxation policy of the government.

* * * * * *

An effort was made to choke this off by Mr. Reid, who introduced the following resolution, which he offered as a substitute:

That as Democrats we owe our allegiance to the Democratic party, whose platform of principles is in harmony with the demands of the great mass of people.

That in view of the decided Democratic majority in congress, we urge upon them, as our representatives, the importance of taking such action as will best secure to the whole people such legislative relief as will meet the exigencies presented in the changed condition of our common country.

We especially ask that such legislation be enacted that will give immediate relief to the people from the burdens arising from the unjust tariff and the iniquitous financial system of our government.

When the voting began, the question was of course on the resolution offered by Mr. Reid. Did it pass? Not much. When the vote was counted it was found that the yeas were 54 and the nays 90, and the resolution was of course rejected by a majority of 36.

Then came the vote on Mr. Trammell's resolution, which favors the Alliance demands, and it was carried by a vote of 138 to 5. H. W. AYER.

Destructive Storms in France.

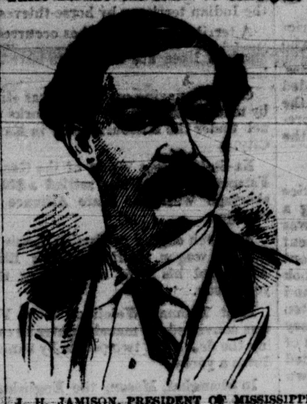
PARIS, Oct. 31.—Heavy storms, accompanied by lightning, have renewed their violence in the southwestern departments of France. Snow has fallen upon the mountains near Mount Louis, in the Pyrenees. Many of the mountain slopes have been undermined by the excessive rainfall and the valleys are threatened by disastrous land slides. An enormous amount of damage has been done to farms, live stock and to fruit trees throughout the country in and about Cerdagan in the Pyrenees.

NOTES FROM THE FIELD.

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF THE RAPID GROWTH EVERYWHERE.

The Alliance Bigger and Stronger Than It Ever Was Before, and Growing Every Day—Encouraging Facts and Figures. Its Firm Position in the South.

Now, what will the old party press and old party hacks say? Perhaps the best answer to this question is, "They will say nothing for awhile." And all because the people of six states have met during the last ten days and declared with one voice for the Ocala demands. These six are the states of Michigan,



J. H. JAMISON, PRESIDENT OF MISSISSIPPI STATE ALLIANCE.

California, Kansas, Indiana, Florida and Iowa. These make a total of twenty-six states which have given the people's platform a unanimous indorsement. Missouri is the only state in which such indorsement was not given, and there the matter was referred back to the people. There are yet six organized Alliance states to hear from. They will hold meetings between this date and the 10th of November.

* * * * * *

The glorious reports of unity and progress coming to National Alliance headquarters fills the Alliance men in the national offices so full of joy and enthusiasm that they are actually incapacitated for telling their brethern all over the country the good news in sufficiently expressive terms. What they are able to write cannot possibly express their encouragement and gratification.

When the state of Iowa came solidly into line she reported that 251 new sub-Alliances had been organized within the past three months, and that the list was still growing.

The Indiana state Alliance met with 200 delegates present, and reported that 200 sub-Alliances had been organized in the state since the last annual meeting. There are more than 50,000 members of the Alliance in Indiana.

* * * * * *

Florida Alliance met, with every county represented, and indorsed the Ocala platform by a vote of 71 to 5. A. P. Baskin was elected to succeed President Rogers, who declined re-election. There has been a gratifying growth in that state, and the members of the order are practically a unit on every demand in the Alliance platform.

* * * * * *

Kansas met. Ten thousand people were there. It was one of the greatest meetings ever held in that famous state. The Ocala platform was indorsed in its entirety. More than 20,000 members have been gained since the last annual meeting. That meeting made the old party hacks and henchmen shake in their boots. It told them that the people are, by divine right, governors of this country, and they are going to govern it. Mr. W. H. Wiley was elected as successor to President Frank McGrath.

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California state Alliance enjoyed the greatest enthusiasm and demonstration ever known at a meeting in that state. Six thousand people were present. The Alliance demands were unanimously indorsed by representatives of nearly 50,000 Alliance men. Many organizers reported an earnest and enthusiastic spread of Alliance principles, and sub-Alliances are being organized at the rate of three a day. President Polk was at the meeting, and the following telegram will give some idea of the enthusiasm that prevailed:

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 22, 1891.

H. W. Ayer, Washington:

President Polk's visit to the Pacific coast has aroused us here. His audiences have been limited only by the capacity of our largest halls. He has spoken every night, and tonight seven thousand people cheered him to the echo when eloquently spoke for the people's cause. He has made thousands of friends for the Alliance, and carries back to his home the thanks and blessings of all. The old Union soldiers tendered him a special reception. California thanks him for coming, and will give him a magnificent welcome when he comes again.

H. H. BOYCE.

Mr. H. C. Demming, secretary of the Pennsylvania state Alliance, writes as follows:

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 22, 1891.

H. W. Ayer, Esq., Washington:

The Alliance is standing together wall in Pennsylvania, and it will remain solid, to all appearances, for a long time to come.

The growth of the Alliance throughout the state has been very satisfactory during the past year, our increase in the number of Alliances being considerably over 300 and our increase in membership over 10,000. We will soon have sixty or more farmers in the field for the purpose of organizing additional Alliances.

From this time forward we believe the number of new Alliances will increase at the rate of one a day throughout the year—possibly we can increase the number of new Alliances over 400 by the 1st of November, 1892.

Mr. A. W. Inery, secretary of the Georgia state Alliance, in an official letter, says:

ATLANTA, Oct. 22, 1891.

H. W. Ayer, Washington:

DEAR SIR—Georgia has not grown numerically inside the Alliance order. Many are espousing our cause and are in sympathy with the order who are not eligible to membership in same. As a unit, Georgia is as solid as adamant.

My only suggestion is to go forward. "On, Stanley! On!"

* * * * * *

The letter of Secretary Brock, of the Alabama state Alliance, will show what the order is doing in that state:

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 19, 1891.

Mr. H. W. Ayer, Washington:

The increase in Alliance growth in Alabama during the past year has been very encouraging. Since our state Alliance adjourned, August 5, I have issued charters to thirty-one newly organized primaries. Our fourth quarterly meetings are being held during this month throughout the state, and encouraging reports are coming in from all parts.

One county secretary writes, "Our county has increased about 10 per cent. within the last three months." Another says: "We have just closed one of the most harmonious and enthusiastic meetings we have ever held. We are growing in numbers, and I am going to keep so."

Similar expressions are coming in from all the counties I have heard from. The farmers are stronger organized, more determined and better disciplined than they have ever been in this state. One of the most encouraging features is the unanimity of sentiment that prevails among the intelligent representative members of our order. It is indeed gratifying to know that we have no Halls nor McAllisters in our ranks in Alabama to breed dissension and strife. We are practically a unit on all things pertaining to the interest of the order, and when the last roll is called will be there.

Secretary J. J. Selvey, of the Virginia state Alliance, tells of some very glorious work in the Old Dominion. In a letter of Oct. 19, 1891, he presents the following:

DEAR BROTHER AYER—Below I give you a synopsis of last year's work in Virginia. While we have not accomplished as much as we had hoped for, still we are far from being discouraged:

Number of Alliances at the beginning of past year	1,000
Number of Alliances at the end of past year	1,300
Net gain	300
Number of county Alliances	93
Gain the year just ended	14
Number of counties in this state unorganized	2
Gain in membership	10,000

The lecture system has been put into operation. We now have ten district lecturers (one for each congressional district) in the field, and expect to reap a rich harvest as the result of their labors.

* * * * * *

Secretary N. E. Moody, of the Wisconsin state Alliance, in an official letter, says:

We have organized more than 200 Alliances during the past year. We do not expect in Wisconsin to make much progress during summer and fall months, as our season for growing and garnering our crops is short, and it is a rush with our people all the time. We are now devising plans to open up the Alliance canvass and push it vigorously during the winter. I think I can truthfully say from my observations that as an organization we will practically stand together on all matters upon which our principles touch.

Now, brethren and Alliance men everywhere, when you hear the cry that the Alliance is "breaking up," you may just put this kind of construction on the words, "Breaking up the rings and monopolies that have brought such fiendish oppression upon the people as to make them rise up and cry out against it."

Our people are patient and long suffering, and only the sternest necessity drives them to protest. But when they do protest they mean business.

H. W. AYER.

Two Classes Still Ignorant.

There are two classes of men who have formed no proper conception of this great farmers' movement, and will never be able to until they get an Ingalls lesson. That is the old style editorial office farmer and politician farmer. Both have in their day and time had a monopoly of a certain kind of influence.

Plutocracy did not think of treating with the farmers direct; it managed them through the editorial office farmer and politician farmer. What these men said was considered authority by everybody, farmers and all. But somehow this new movement has sprung up independent of them, and they cannot catch on to it.

They still arrogate to themselves the same influence, and the same prestige, but they only excite a smile from the great new movement. The aristocratic political farmer, like Hatch and George, Funston and Conger, do not control the farmer.—National Economist.

OLIVER BEIRNE BURNED.

The Fine Steamer Is Totally Destroyed.

SEVERAL PASSENGERS MEET DEATH

Thought to Be the Work of Negro Roustabouts Who Had Been "Fired" from the Boat—Old Lady Found Floating on a Bale of Cotton—Loss, $100,000.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Oct. 31.—The fine steamer, Oliver Beirne, laid up at Milliken's Bend landing at 12 o'clock Wednesday night. She had quite a lot of cabin passengers and over 200 deckers, white men, who were en route to the various levee work below Vicksburg. Of the deckers she took ninety-eight at Greenville. At the landing were about seventy-five bales of cotton to take on. The mate had some trouble with the roustabouts, many of them quitting work, after which the mate hired the levee men, paying 25 cents an hour. This enraged the negroes, who made open threats against the mate and boat.

At 3:30 Thursday morning the cotton in the deckroom was discovered on fire and the entire boat was a mass of flames in a short time. Every effort was made to save the lives of those on board, but it is feared the list of the lost will reach twelve or more. The yawl was lowered to pick up those who could be reached in the river. It was about the only hope of saving many who were compelled to jump into the river. The yawl was in charge of the first engineer. The passengers lost everything and it is reported the boat's books were also lost. The boat had 708 bales of cotton on board and was lying at the landing where she burned waiting for daylight to cross the bar near there. The passengers and crew who were saved were shown every kindness by the citizens of Milliken's Bend, who threw open their doors to receive them. The list of the lost, as reported by Captain Thorwegan in a telegram received is: Two children of Dr. Worrell of Baton Rouge, Sam V. Entriken, two chambermaids, daughter of Mr. Adams of Omaha, five cabin boys, nurse of Mrs. Frazier of Natchez, Mrs. Woolidge of New Orleans, and a number of deckers.

Later in the day a skiff reached here from Duckport with the body of a very old white lady, who was found clinging to a bale of cotton floating down the river by a fisherman. The old lady was alive when he found her, but was speechless. He took her in his skiff, where she died in a few minutes after. It is thought that she was at least 60 or 70 years of age. Nothing was found on her person to identify her. She had three plain gold rings on and two other rings with setting of pearl. She had red underclothing and a large black night robe and it was lined with purple silk. Her arm was slightly burned, also the robe. The body will be taken to Undertaker Arnold's to await the advice of friends.

In addition to the officers and crew saved are the following passengers: Mrs. Dr. Worrell of Baton Rouge and Mrs. Willis Frazier, and children of Natchez.

The insurance value of the boat was placed at $61,000. It is thought she was insured for only $46,000. Total loss of boat and cargo is $100,000. The cotton was also insured.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
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BE ON YOUR GUARD

The Watchword for the Great Convention.

SOME IMPENDING DANGERS.

Programme of the National Council at Indianapolis—A Brief Discussion of Candidates—The Men Will Be Forthcoming at the People's Demand.

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Before this letter reaches the readers of this correspondence the November elections will have been held, and the eyes of Alliance men and of the friends of reform everywhere will begin to turn toward Indianapolis. The elections this year have been of far less importance than those of last November. Last year the people struck their first great blow of independence and challenged the attention of the country. Since then their efforts have all been preliminary to the great national struggle of 1892. So while the campaign just closed has fully demonstrated a vast growth of the people's cause, it has been only a step in preparation for the great struggle which practically opens with the Indianapolis convention on the 17th inst.

* * * * * *

Here is the programme, subject to minor modification or change, of the meeting of the supreme council of the Alliance:

On the first day, Tuesday, Nov. 17, the addresses of welcome will be delivered at Tomlinson hall by Mayor Sullivan and President Force, of the state Alliance; the responses will be by J. F. Tillman and J. F. Willetts. The afternoon will be devoted to an executive session, and in the evening President L. L. Polk will deliver his address.

On Wednesday addresses will be made by the president of the F. M. B. A., National Lecturer J. F. Willetts, and in the afternoon the executive session will be continued. In the evening C. W. Macune and others will speak.

Thursday morning Jerry Simpson and Alonso Wardall will speak, and in the evening John P. Stelle and Mrs. Anna L. Driggs.

Friday the forenoon addresses will be by J. H. Turner and B. H. Clover, and in the evening L. F. Livingston and H. L. Loucks.

Saturday J. H. McDowell and Senator Peffer will speak, and at night T. V. Powderly and Ben Terrell.

Monday evening Ignatius Donnelly will address the council.

On Tuesday, the last day, William Erwin, Mrs. Lease, R. M. Humphrey and J. W. Weaver will speak.

* * * * * *

There is no denying that the meeting of the supreme council will be a critical time for the Alliance. Tremendous issues and tremendous influences will go into the convention. The Alliance must remain true to the cause of the whole people or the Indianapolis convention will mark the turning of the tide and disaster will follow. The seductive influence most of all to be guarded against will be that which seeks to secure just a little modification of the Alliance demands so that one of the old parties can adopt them and make them a part of its platform. Such a policy would be suicidal if adopted. The people would be humbugged and their cause would be sold out.

* * * * * *

The situation impels me to repeat a warning to which I called attention last summer—namely, that platform concessions are worthless. Ante-election promises are mere buncombe. They are made to catch voters and are never intended to be kept. The wonder is that anybody nowadays is deceived by the empty professions of either of the old parties. What if one of the old parties should adopt the Alliance platform entire, and then nominate Cleveland or Harrison upon it, as the case might be, are the people going to be such fools as to vote for either of those men in the fond belief that they would undertake to apply the principles set forth in that platform? The time has gone by for catching sensible men with such chaff. It is men and results that the people demand, and they'll have them.

* * * * * *

I see it sneeringly asked by the plutocratic newspapers, What men the Alliance or People's party have to offer for high positions of national trust? Never fear, gentlemen; the men will be forthcoming. No great crisis ever yet lacked men to meet it. Nor are they yet unrecognized by those who know the personnel of the new government as I do. I have in my mind's eye a man, a born leader of men, broad minded, keen witted, a farmer statesman, a man of the people, a second Abraham Lincoln. I shall not name him, for I advocate the personal cause of no man. Furthermore, he is in no sense a candidate, and if he was he would surely be defeated, as any man will be who seeks to gratify personal ambition by means of the reform movement. The man for the occasion will be called by the people when the time comes. He will not be selected from among clamorous aspirants.

* * * * * *

This much more I will say about this subject of candidates into which I have prematurely drifted: The man whose strong, rugged figure has been in imagination before me as I wrote these last lines is a southerner. I hope the new party will be the first to select a man from the new south to be its standard bearer. I am a northern man, and I think I know something about northern sentiment. I believe, I know, that the north is utterly sick and tired of bloody shirt talk. If a clean, whole souled southerner should be nominated for president there is no class of men in America who would support him more enthusiastically than the members of the Grand Army of the Republic.

He would win support throughout the north and west simply because he was a southerner. That marvelous scene in the convention hall at Cincinnati last May had a significance which the mean little bipeds who nowadays make politics their business have no power to comprehend. So give us a man from the great and glorious rejuvenated south, and the north will welcome him with open arms.

* * * * * *

But the duty of the hour is Watch. Let every man who goes to Indianapolis be on guard. Be true to your trusts, true to the people, and their great cause will be safe in this the most important convention that has met since the war.

H. R. CHAMBERLAIN.

CONGRESSMAN THOMAS G. WATSON, OF GEORGIA.

The Warning to Wall Street.

The Montgomery (Ala.) Alliance Herald has these brave and truthful words:

Regarding Mr. Cleveland as the exponent of Wall street and the tool of plutocracy, the man who contends for his nomination is an enemy to his country, its institutions and popular liberty. Read it in the history of the last twenty-five years. Thirty years ago the agriculturalists of this country owned 80 per cent. of its wealth; twenty years ago 60 per cent.; ten years ago 40 per cent.; in 1890 they owned 22 per cent. with three-fourths of that under mortgage. The financial system of this country wrought that ruin. That is Wall street policy and a demonstration of it. Who wants it continued?

Mr. Cleveland may be nominated and he may be elected by the house of representatives; but if it should happen, two-thirds of the states would pass stay laws and put such a stringent quietus on the exactions of Shylock that the business interests would be paralyzed for a dozen of years. Push it to the point where the farmers have no hope of redemption of their homes nor any prospect of getting out of debt, and they will rise in their majesty and protest in such language that it will shake the world with its reverberation. Wall street may get control for four more years, but it will be worse than Black Friday for it in less than a year afterward. There is just as much Ireland in this country today as will be tolerated. There will never be much nearer serfdom for the people than now—only what two years may bring forth. "Self preservation is the first law of nature," and the people of the United States know how to exercise self preservation in any extremity that may arise.

Queer Kind of Progress.

In 1850 the farmers owned 70 per cent. of the wealth of the nation; in 1890 they own less than 24 per cent. of the wealth, and yet pay 80 per cent. of the taxes.

In the old days mortgaged homes were almost unknown; now we have 9,000,000 mortgages.

The United States is the largest tenant farming nation in the world, and we are making progress in this direction very fast.

Two hundred families as rich as the Vanderbilts would own every dollar of property now in our great country—progress.

One person in each 25,000 today has more money than all the rest of the 24,999—progress.

About 15,000 farmers' homes are now sold out by the sheriff in a year to make up the balance of the interest account that the entire crops of the mortgaged farms can't pay—progress.

Three-fifths of the entire wealth of the United States is $36,250,000,000, and this vast sum is owned by one-twentieth of 1 per cent. of the population. This is great progress. Let us think on these things.—Mortimer Whitehead, Lecturer of National Grange.

The People Against the Plutocrats.

In the fight that is now on, there are but two sides. It is the people against the plutocrats; the man against the dollar. There is no middle ground. You are either for the people or you are against them. As the fight now stands, it is a dangerous experiment to press any personal opinion or private conviction against the manifest will and conviction of a clear majority, because this creates dissension in the ranks and gives aid to the enemies of the people. The battle has commenced; you can not change your position now. If you withdraw from one single point, it will be heralded as a retreat, a defeat. If any mistakes have been made in our platform they must be remedied after the battle, after the victory is gained. Meet the enemy at every point and fight him. Have no mercy upon the traitor or the coward. "Forward" is the word. Catch it up and pass it along the line, and close up the ranks.—National Economist.

In Switzerland.

Almost the same state of affairs reigned in Switzerland fifty years ago that we have at present in the United States. The usurer and the party in power worked hand in hand. Their object was to usurp by the legal mode of usury the control of the farms of the country, and they had almost succeeded, when the people arose en masse and said at the polls of 1846: "No further! This is a country of freemen and free we intend to remain."—Portland (Ore.) Reform Journal.

A Silly Sneer at Farmers.

The farmers have not got sense enough to make or construe laws, say the smart Alecks. Which is the most dangerous, a pilot who is skillful, but at the same time determined to run our ship on a shoal and wreck her, or the unskillful pilot who means well and will do his best to miss the shoal? But who runs this country anyway? Take the farmers out and it would soon be a howling wilderness. The politician of today would then have his abiding place in the caves and cliffs or bury himself in the sand.—Progressive Farmer.

SAMPLES OF THEIR LYING

REFUTING SOME OF THE LATEST SLANDERS.

Silly Talk About Stanford's Ambitious Plans—The Georgia Legislature Indorses the Ocala Platform—Statistics of Falsehood.

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Viewed as a curiosity the gall and impudence of some of the correspondents of the "metropolitan" press discount anything that has been achieved or discovered since the construction of the pyramids of Egypt. Last week some brilliant genius in San Francisco sent the New York Mail and Express (otherwise known as the "Wail and Distress") a telegram from which the following is taken:

"It is learned from sources wholly reliable that Senator Leland Stanford is the power back of the Farmers' Alliance movement. Bill Stow, a noted lobbyist and wire puller from the Southern Pacific company, is engineering the scheme to have Stanford nominated for president by the National Farmers' Alliance. President L. L. Polk, of the Alliance party, who arrived on the Pacific coast a few days ago, has been addressing the farmers of southern California. He came to the state upon invitation of Senator Stanford, who was anxious to increase, if possible, the interest in the Alliance movement in southern California, a section of the state where Stanford is rather unpopular.

"The senator has his plans for the Alliance nomination well laid. The ticket will be Stanford and Polk or Stanford and Morgan. The senator is determined to get the nomination, and money will be used lavishly among the leaders of the new party to this end. He has already in his interest some of the best political managers and manipulators in America. These will be backed with millions, if necessary."

* * * * * *

If you should sit down and engage in conversation with the person who sent that dispatch, he would in all probability say that "newspaper men do not print anything unless they have some foundation for the statements they make." And yet this fellow sits down deliberately and writes what he knows to be a lie. In other words, he didn't know it was the truth, and therefore he is responsible for the lie. It may be that his foundation for sending out this statement was a small modicum of the millions which he talks about so glibly.

* * * * * *

President Polk does not know anything about the wirepuller Bill Stow, and Senator Stanford never knew anything about President Polk's visit to California. He went there on a pressing invitation from President Marion Cannon, of the California state Alliance, and Mr. Cannon is uncompromisingly opposed to even so much as talking about the bare possibility of Mr. Stanford's presidential candidacy. He will have nothing of it.

* * * * * *

But to cap the climax, this colossal genius of a correspondent says:

"This is not idle talk, but embraces a scheme that is in active working order throughout the United States."

He is perhaps the only fellow who knows anything about this "scheme," and it may be that it is worth something to him to know it. But he must not imagine that there are many Alliance men like him. There may possibly be a few Alliance men who would sell out cheap, but the average member can't be bought for less than a million dollars, spot cash, and this correspondent's gauzy and glittering scheme would absorb all the millions on the Pacific coast before two ordinary Alliance townships could be induced to "whoop up the boom." We can't speak with knowledge concerning the price of "some of the best political managers and manipulators in America."

We know, however, and speak with knowledge when we say that no amount of millions can make any man the political god of the Alliance. It will take brains and sterling honesty to do this.

* * * * * *

Some weeks ago it was announced by the press with a grand flourish of trumpets that a resolution had been introduced into the Georgia legislature favoring the Alliance platform, and that it had been rejected by a vote of 84 to 68, or thereabout. But this whole thing was a fabrication. It was an abominable announcement, and when subsequent action showed that anything but the truth had been told, the press kept obediently and deliciously silent about it. Now let's have the truth about it. Before the legislature adjourned Mr. Trammell introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, By the house of representatives, the senate concurring, that our senators and representatives in congress be and they are hereby requested to use their influence and votes to secure legislation which will correct the evils complained of by the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial union in convention at Ocala, Fla., especially those that relate to the present financial and taxation policy of the government.

* * * * * *

An effort was made to choke this off by Mr. Reid, who introduced the following resolution, which he offered as a substitute:

That as Democrats we owe our allegiance to the Democratic party, whose platform of principles is in harmony with the demands of the great mass of people.

That in view of the decided Democratic majority in congress, we urge upon them, as our representatives, the importance of taking such action as will best secure to the whole people such legislative relief as will meet the exigencies presented in the changed condition of our common country.

We especially ask that such legislation be enacted that will give immediate relief to the people from the burdens arising from the unjust tariff and the iniquitous financial system of our government.

When the voting began, the question was of course on the resolution offered by Mr. Reid. Did it pass? Not much. When the vote was counted it was found that the yeas were 54 and the nays 90, and the resolution was of course rejected by a majority of 36.

Then came the vote on Mr. Trammell's resolution, which favors the Alliance demands, and it was carried by a vote of 188 to 5. H. W. AYER.

Destructive Storms in France.

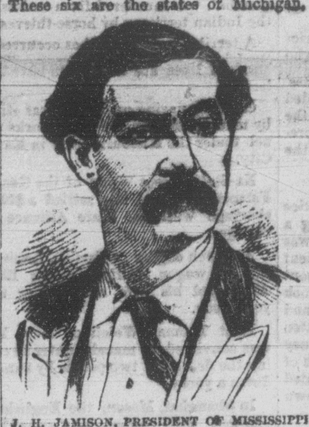
PARIS, Oct. 31.—Heavy storms, accompanied by lightning, have renewed their violence in the southwestern departments of France. Snow has fallen upon the mountains near Mount Louis, in the Pyrenees. Many of the mountain slopes have been undermined by the excessive rainfall and the valleys are threatened by disastrous land slides. An enormous amount of damage has been done to farms, live stock and to fruit trees throughout the country in and about Cerdagan in the Pyrenees.

NOTES FROM THE FIELD.

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF THE RAPID GROWTH EVERYWHERE.

The Alliance Bigger and Stronger Than It Ever Was Before, and Growing Every Day—Encouraging Facts and Figures. Its Firm Position in the South.

Now, what will the old party press and old party hacks say? Perhaps the best answer to this question is, "They will say nothing for awhile." And all because the people of six states have met during the last ten days and declared with one voice for the Ocala demands. These six are the states of Michigan,



J. H. JAMISON, PRESIDENT OF MISSISSIPPI STATE ALLIANCE.

California, Kansas, Indiana, Florida and Iowa. These make a total of twenty-six states which have given the people's platform a unanimous indorsement. Missouri is the only state in which such indorsement was not given, and there the matter was referred back to the people. There are yet six organized Alliance states to hear from. They will hold meetings between this date and the 10th of November.

* * * * * *

The glorious reports of unity and progress coming to National Alliance headquarters fills the Alliance men in the national offices so full of joy and enthusiasm that they are actually incapacitated for telling their brethern all over the country the good news in sufficiently expressive terms. What they are able to write cannot possibly express their encouragement and gratification.

When the state of Iowa came solidly into line she reported that 251 new sub-Alliances had been organized within the past three months, and that the list was still growing.

The Indiana state Alliance met with 200 delegates present, and reported that 200 sub-Alliances had been organized in the state since the last annual meeting. There are more than 50,000 members of the Alliance in Indiana.

* * * * * *

Florida Alliance met, with every county represented, and indorsed the Ocala platform by a vote of 71 to 5. A. P. Baskin was elected to succeed President Rogers, who declined re-election. There has been a gratifying growth in that state, and the members of the order are practically a unit on every demand in the Alliance platform.

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Kansas met. Ten thousand people were there. It was one of the greatest meetings ever held in that famous state. The Ocala platform was indorsed in its entirety. More than 20,000 members have been gained since the last annual meeting. That meeting made the old party hacks and henchmen shake in their boots. It told them that the people are, by divine right, governors of this country, and they are going to govern it. Mr. W. H. Wiley was elected as successor to President Frank McGrath.

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California state Alliance enjoyed the greatest enthusiasm and demonstration ever known at a meeting in that state. Six thousand people were present. The Alliance demands were unanimously indorsed by representatives of nearly 50,000 Alliance men. Many organizers reported an earnest and enthusiastic spread of Alliance principles, and sub-Alliances are being organized at the rate of three a day. President Polk was at the meeting, and the following telegram will give some idea of the enthusiasm that prevailed:

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 22, 1891.

H. W. Ayer, Washington:

President Polk's visit to the Pacific coast has aroused us here. His audiences have been limited only by the capacity of our largest halls. He has spoken every night, and tonight seven thousand people cheered him to the echo when eloquently spoke for the people's cause. He has made thousands of friends for the Alliance, and carries back to his home the thanks and blessings of all. The old Union soldiers tendered him a special reception. California thanks him for coming, and will give him a magnificent welcome when he comes again.

H. H. BOYCE.

Mr. H. C. Demming, secretary of the Pennsylvania state Alliance, writes as follows:

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 22, 1891.

H. W. Ayer, Esq., Washington:

The Alliance is standing together wall in Pennsylvania, and it will remain solid, to all appearances, for a long time to come.

The growth of the Alliance throughout the state has been very satisfactory during the past year, our increase in the number of Alliances being considerably over 200 and our increase in membership over 10,000. We will soon have sixty (6) more farmers in the field for the purpose of organizing additional Alliances.

From this time forward we believe the number of new Alliances will increase at the rate of one a day throughout the year—possibly we can increase the number of new Alliances over 400 by the 1st of November, 1892.

Mr. A. W. Inery, secretary of the Georgia state Alliance, in an official letter, says:

ATLANTA, Oct. 22, 1891.

H. W. Ayer, Washington:

DEAR SIR—Georgia has not grown numerically inside the Alliance order. Many are espousing our cause and are in sympathy with the order who are not eligible to membership in same. As a unit, Georgia is as solid as adamant.

My only suggestion is to go forward. "On, Stanley! On!"

* * * * * *

The letter of Secretary Brock, of the Alabama state Alliance, will show what the order is doing in that state:

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 19, 1891.

Mr. H. W. Ayer, Washington:

The increase in Alliance growth in Alabama during the past year has been very encouraging. Since our state Alliance adjourned, Aug. 15, I have issued charters to thirty-one newly organized primaries. Our fourth quarterly meetings are being held during this month throughout the state, and encouraging reports are coming in from all parts.

One county secretary writes, "Our county has increased about 40 per cent. within the last three months." Another says: "We have just closed one of the most harmonious and enthusiastic meetings we have ever held. We are growing in numbers, and I am going to have to [illegible] Alliances in my county."

Similar expressions are coming in from all the counties I have heard from. The farmers are stronger organized, more determined and better disciplined than they have ever been in this state. One of the most encouraging features is the unanimity of sentiment that prevails among the intelligent representative members of our order. It is indeed gratifying to know that we have no Halls nor McAllisters in our ranks in Alabama to breed dissension and strife. We are practically a unit on all things pertaining to the interest of the order, and when the last roll is called will be there.

Secretary J. J. Selvey, of the Virginia state Alliance, tells of some very glorious work in the Old Dominion. In a letter of Oct. 19, 1891, he presents the following:

DEAR BROTHER AYER—Below I give you a synopsis of last year's work in Virginia. While we have not accomplished as much as we had hoped for, still we are far from being discouraged:

Number of Alliances at the beginning of past year	1,000
Number of Alliances at the end of past year	1,300
Net gain	300
Number of county Alliances	93
Gain in year just ended	14
Number of counties in this state unorganized	2
Gain in membership	10,000

The lecture system has been put into operation. We now have ten district lecturers (one for each congressional district) in the field, and expect to reap a rich harvest as the result of their labors.

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Secretary N. E. Moody, of the Wisconsin state Alliance, in an official letter, says:

We have organized more than 200 Alliances during the past year. We do not expect in Wisconsin to make much progress during summer and fall months, as our season for growing and garnering our crops is short, and it is a rush with our people all the time. We are now devising plans to open up the Alliance canvass and push it vigorously during the winter. I think I can truthfully say from my observations that as an organization we will practically stand together on all matters upon which our principles touch.

Now, brethren and Alliance men everywhere, when you hear the cry that the Alliance is "breaking up," you may just put this kind of construction on the words, "Breaking up the rings and monopolies that have brought such fiendish oppression upon the people as to make them rise up and cry out against it."

Our people are patient and long suffering, and only the sternest necessity drives them to protest. But when they do protest they mean business.

H. W. AYER.

Two Classes Still Ignorant.

There are two classes of men who have formed no proper conception of this great farmers' movement, and will never be able to until they get an Ingalls lesson. That is the old style editorial office farmer and politician farmer. Both have in their day and time had a monopoly of a certain kind of influence.

Plutocracy did not think of treating with the farmers direct; it managed them through the editorial office farmer and politician farmer. What these men said was considered authority by everybody, farmers and all. But somehow this new movement has sprung up independent of them, and they cannot catch on to it.

They still arrogate to themselves the same influence, and the same prestige, but they only excite a smile from the great new movement. The aristocratic political farmer, like Hatch and George, Funston and Conger, do not control the farmer.—National Economist.

OLIVER BEIRNE BURNED.

The Fine Steamer Is Totally Destroyed.

SEVERAL PASSENGERS MEET DEATH

Thought to Be the Work of Negro Roustabouts Who Had Been "Fired" from the Boat—Old Lady Found Floating on a Bale of Cotton—Loss, $100,000.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Oct. 31.—The fine steamer, Oliver Beirne, laid up at Milliken's Bend landing at 12 o'clock Wednesday night. She had quite a lot of cabin passengers and over 200 deckers, white men, who were en route to the various levee work below Vicksburg. Of the deckers she took ninety-eight at Greenville. At the landing were about seventy-five bales of cotton to take on. The mate had some trouble with the roustabouts, many of them quitting work, after which the mate hired the levee men, paying 25 cents an hour. This enraged the negroes, who made open threats against the mate and boat.

At 3:30 Thursday morning the cotton in the deckroom was discovered on fire and the entire boat was a mass of flames in a short time. Every effort was made to save the lives of those on board, but it is feared the list of the lost will reach twelve or more. The yawl was lowered to pick up those who could be reached in the river. It was about the only hope of saving many who were compelled to jump into the river. The yawl was in charge of the first engineer. The passengers lost everything and it is reported the boat's books were also lost. The boat had 708 bales of cotton on board and was lying at the landing where she burned waiting for daylight to cross the bar near there. The passengers and crew who were saved were shown every kindness by the citizens of Milliken's Bend, who threw open their doors to receive them. The list of the lost, as reported by Captain Thorwegan in a telegram received is: Two children of Dr. Worrell of Baton Rouge, Sam V. Entriken, two chambermaids, daughter of Mr. Adams of Omaha, five cabin boys, nurse of Mrs. Frazier of Natchez, Mrs. Woolidge of New Orleans, and a number of deckers.

Later in the day a skiff reached here from Duckport with the body of a very old white lady, who was found clinging to a bale of cotton floating down the river by a fisherman. The old lady was alive when he found her, but was speechless. He took her in his skiff, where she died in a few minutes after. It is thought that she was at least 60 or 70 years of age. Nothing was found on her person to identify her. She had three plain gold rings on and two other rings with setting of pearl. She had red underclothing and a large black night robe and it was lined with purple silk. Her arm was slightly burned, also the robe. The body will be taken to Undertaker Arnold's to await the advice of friends.

In addition to the officers and crew saved are the following passengers: Mrs. Dr. Worrell of Baton Rouge and Mrs. Willis Frazier, and children of Natchez.

The insurance value of the boat was placed at $61,000. It is thought she was insured for only $46,000. Total loss of boat and cargo is $100,000. The cotton was also insured.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Is an effective remedy, as numerous testimonials conclusively prove. "For two years I was a constant sufferer from dyspepsia and liver complaint. I doctored a long time and the medicines prescribed, in nearly every case, only aggravated the disease. An apothecary advised me to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I did so, and was cured at a cost of $5. Since that time it has been my family medicine, and sickness has become a stranger to our household. I believe it to be the best medicine on earth."—P. F. McNulty, Hackman, 29 Summer st., Lowell, Mass.

FOR DEBILITY,
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Is a certain cure, when the complaint originates in impoverished blood. "I was a great sufferer from a low condition of the blood and general debility, becoming finally, so nine I was unfit for work. Nothing that I and for the simplest help, so much as Ayer's sarsaparilla, a few bottles of which restored me to health and strength. I take every opportunity to recommend this medicine in similar cases."—C. Evick, 14 E. Main st., Chillicothe, Ohio.

FOR ERUPTIONS
And all disorders originating in impurity of the blood, such as boils, carbuncles, pimples, blotches, salt-rheum, scald-head, scrofulous sores, and the like, take only
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

TAKE
THE MK AND T
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.
TO ALL POINTS
NORTH and EAST.
THROUGH ⁂ TRAINS ⁂ CARRY
Pulman :: Sleepers
Between Points in TEXAS and
Chicago, St. Louis
—AND—
KANSAS CITY.
Also
Free Reclining Chair Cars
—BETWEEN—
TAYLOR AND KANSAS CITY AND HANNIBAL.
Close Connections in all of the above cities with fast trains of eastern and northern lines, make the M. K. & T. R'y the best line to
New York, Boston, Montreal and St. Paul.
H. P. HUGHES, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't, DALLAS, TEX.
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THE
COTTON BELT ROUTE
(St. Louis, Ark. & Tex. R'y.)
TO
ST. LOUIS, CAIRO, MEMPHIS
And all points beyond.
Free Reclining Chair Cars and Pulman Buffet Sleepers.
The Only Line
FROM TEXAS, RUNNING
Through Coaches and Pulman Buffet Sleepers
TO
Memphis,
And delivering passengers in depots of connecting lines without a long and disagreeable omnibus transfer across the city.
The Shortest Route
TO ALL POINTS IN THE
SOUTHEAST.
All Texas lines have through tickets on sale via
The Cotton Belt Route,
Rates, maps, time tables and all information will be cheerfully furnished on application to any agent of the company, or
R. M. Carter, Trav. Pass'r Ag't Ft. Worth
W. H. Wakefield, Gen. Pass. Agt in Tex Texarkana
H. G. FLEMING,
Manager and Chief Engineer, Lines in Tex

East Line
—AND—
Red River Railroad
Train leaving McKinney at 1:45 p. m. makes close connections at Greenville.
With the
MISSOURI KANSAS & TEXAS
For all Points
North, South and West.
W. M. Gilles. Receiver, E. M. Alvord, Gen'l Supt., Sherman Booth, Gen. Pt. Pass Ag't

THE DEMOCRAT.

EDITED AND PUBLISHED

By F. C. Thompson.

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One Year,	$1.50
Eight Months,	1.00
Six Months,	75
Three "	40

Our Advertising Rates.

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All contracts will be charged for in proportion to the above.

Address,

DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.,
McKinney, Texas.

THURSDAY NOV. 5, 1891.

TO OUR READERS.

During the coming fall the proprietor of THE DEMOCRAT will call on each subscriber, who is in arrears on subscription for one year or more, for settlement. We hope that those who are behind will bring or send us the amount they are due us so as to avoid unnecessary expense to us. We are badly in need of money and we hope our readers will rally to our support. Please don't forget The DEMOCRAT.

UNCLE SAM is having a severe "tussel" with Chili.

THE average modern voter has no strings tied to him.

IT will take a very strong collar to hold the boys in 1892.

SOME men are active enough to climb to the apex of audacity.

THE Dallas fair closed last Sunday after a successful season.

THE bears are playing the d—l with the bulls in the cotton market.

THE Maverick bank, of Boston, suspended payment last Monday.

THE flag of justice should wave above the head of a noble peasantry.

THE political waves are dashing so thick and high that politicians have considerable trouble to ride them.

THE proud and strong should heed the cry of the humble and weak if they wish to bridge the chasm that intervenes.

"DROP a nickel in the slot" is on the increase. Every device imaginable is prevalent to draw money from the people's pockets.

THE New Texas World's fair organization composed of county exhibitors will meet on the first of December next at the city hall in Dallas.

THE election returns to date indicate that the democrats have carried New York by a good majority while the republicans have made a clear sweep in Ohio, Iowa and Massachusettes are democratic and Pennsylvania is carried by the republicans.

The Valparaiso Affair.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The following account of the Valparaiso affair, about which so much is now being said, has been received here: The sailors of the Baltimore were insulted in the streets by Chileans, who spit in their faces. Although urged to do so they did not resent it, but took refuge in a street car. The mob stopped the car and dragged them out, beating them with sticks and stones and knifing them. One fell with twenty-two stabs, and his comrade was assisting him to a doctor's when a policeman shot him in the neck, killing him instantly. An officer with a white cap drew his sword and slashed away indiscriminately, and the attack became general. Sailors eating in a restaurant were beaten and stabbed, and the mounted police sabred the Americans. One was tied by the wrists to a horse and dragged through the streets, and another hauled to the station with a lasso around his neck. The Baltimore's men were completely unarmed.

Three Fatalities.

LAFAYETTE, La., Oct. 31.—Last night a young colored man, Henry Brown, met death in a most shocking manner. He was stealing a ride on the passenger train due here at 10:50 p. m., and just as the train arrived here he lost his hold and fell under the moving cars, being crushed into a pulp. The coroner's jury returned a verdict as indicated by the above facts.

George Hopkins was drowned yesterday in bayou Vermillion, near here. Deceased was a man of family and leaves a wife and several children. It is presumed he was on a fishing expedition and was intoxicated.

A little negro child was burned to death near Broussardville. Left alone in a cabin the child set fire to its clothing and was horribly burned before assistance arrived, death resulting in a few hours.

HAPPENINGS IN TEXAS.

News Gathered Throughout the Lone Star State

AND CUT TO PROPER DIMENSIONS

To Suit the Surroundings—Facts Concerning the Important Happenings in Every City and Town in this Great Commonwealth.

DENTON, Nov. 2.—Sheriff Mars has brought in J. T. Gidcumb, charged with murder and arson committed here four years ago. He was arrested in Illinois.

Negro Shot by a Mexican.

RUNGE, Nov. 2.—A colored man named Ellis Lott was shot and killed on Butler's ranch. The killer was a Mexican, name unknown, and the weapon was a Winchester carbine. The shooter has not been arrested, but will probably surrender when he gets ready.

Train Robber Turns State's Evidence.

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 2.—James Lansford, one of the men arrested upon the charge of being implicated in the Southern Pacific train robbery, has confessed his guilt. He claims to have been forced into joining Fields, Flint and Wellington, the other robbers, by threats upon his life.

Given Fifty Years for Murder.

HOUSTON, Oct. 31.—In the district court the case of Hunter, the man who shot and killed Constable Crosby on the first Sunday night of Rev. Sam Jones' meeting here last April, was concluded and the jury gave him fifty years in the penitentiary. The want of proof of premeditation alone saved him from the gallows.

Chewed an Ear Off.

GROVETON, Oct. 31.—In the justice court S. G. Scott was representing a negro in a case in which John Raily was a witness, and Mr. Scott in his argument to the jury made some remarks about Mr. Railey at which the latter took offense and knocked Mr. Scott down and bit his ear off before he could be gotten off. Scott is a promient young attorney and Bailey is an honest young man of good moral character. The affair created quite an excitement in this quiet town for a short time.

Desperado Captured.

TEXARKANA, Oct. 31.—Napoleon McDaniels, the famous Cotton Belt bandit, who with three others on the night of June 9, 1890, ditched and robbed a Cotton Belt passenger train at Spur switch, five miles west of here, and who was in October following given a life sentence in the penitentiary, and who escaped from jail by brairing his jailer Dec. 8 last, was captured in his house in the north suburbs Wednesday morning. He was taken to the Grayson county jail for safe keeping. He is a fearless and desperate man, and great surprise is felt that he was taken alive.

Waco Cuttings.

WACO, Nov. 2.—Anthony Hodge, colored, and Deck Henderson, white, were slaughtering animals in a slaughter house when a dispute arose between them. The negro rushed upon the white man with a large hook peculiar to the butchers' trade. Henderson repulsed him and drew his skinning knife across the negro, opening a gash five inches long on his neck. Hodge is in a critical condition and may die. Henderson surrendered and will remain in jail awaiting the action of the grand jury now in session.

Nat Holmes, colored, employed in a butcher shop, was stabbed under the left shoulder with a butcher's cleaver by a colored woman, Bettie Bradshaw.

Ward's Sensational Killing.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—The little village of Birdville in this county, nine years ago, was the scene of a sensational murder. James Ward, a well known citizen of the neighborhood, while riding along the road at night was shot and killed by a hidden assassin. The manner of his taking off outraged public sentiment and extraordinary efforts to apprehend the murderer or murderers were at once taken and persisted in until last spring the grand jury formally charged Mose Morgan with the crime. His trial at a previous term of the court failed of a verdict and Wednesday he was arraigned for the second time to contest his life with the state. The evidence was concluded Thursday and the case given to the jury. All the evidence was circumstantial. The defense was an alibi. Morgan is a prominent man.

Outgeneraled Grandpa.

CISCO, Nov. 2.—There arrived in Cisco a few evenings ago an old gentleman named Head, accompanied by his granddaughter, Miss Allie Head, a charming young lady of sweet sixteen or thereabouts. On the same train, unknown to the old man, was a young man named Honk, the very person the grandfather was trying to separate Miss Allie from by carrying her west. The young man kept himself hid until he had managed to get a note to his sweetheart and receive an answer that she was ready to elope with him. After Grandpa Head had retired for the night to refresh himself to resume the journey in the morning, a buggy with a fast team pulled up at the hotel and the lovers entered it and drove to Eastland and were married. The couple returned during the night and sat up until the early train of the Texas and Pacific arrived, when they went east. When Grandpa Head arose from his slumbers he was surprised at reading a note from his granddaughter stating she was married.

A Heavy Dose.

ALEXANDRIA, La., Oct. 31.—On the Ball plantation two miles above here, George Butler instantly killed another negro, Sandy Jenkins, with a double barreled shotgun. The deceased also had a shotgun, but it was not loaded, and he was trying to bluff Butler. Both negroes bore the reputation of being vicious when drunk. Butler was arrested and jailed.

Going Back on the Old Party.

Colonel Scott was driving down town a few mornings since; he proffered a seat to a well dressed gentleman, who accepted, and in the course of the ride remarked that his home was in Kansas, that he had been in the city on business for a few days and expected to return home that day. Thinking the occasion a good one for learning something of the political situation in that state, the colonel asked him whether or not it was true that the Kansas Alliance men were going back to the old parties this year, as the Iowa papers were claiming? The gentleman gave a disgusted snort, and said, "I am sorry to say, sir, that there is no ground for the claim; the damn fools beat anything I ever saw; they are twice as strong as they were last year." Further conversation disclosed the fact that the gentleman was a banker and a Republican.—Iowa Tribune.

Celestials Caught.

EL PASO, Oct. 31.—C. S. Irvin, special agent of the United States treasury, boarded the Santa Fe train just as it was about to leave for the north and took three Chinamen therefrom. Mr. Irvin said these Chinamen had come across from Mexico. They were put in the county jail pending examination.

NEWS CONDENSATIONS.

Items of Interest from All Parts of the Country.

Natural gas been struck near Monticello, Ill.

The president has appointed William H. Meade commander in the navy.

The first blizzard of the season is reported in North and South Dakota and Minnesota.

Four persons were killed by the escape of carbonic acid in a refinery at Slenimn, Prussia.

Dr. Beziat of France and his escort of eight natives were massacred in Madagascar by bandits.

Lee Hunn, president of the Fan-Tan-Tong, the Chinese Gambling association of New York, is dead.

A false rumor of a plot to murder William O'Brien caused excitement in Cork until it was disproved.

Ex-President Cleveland addressed a large audience in Boston in the interest of the Democratic candidates.

Kansas threatens to annul the charter of a Missouri Pacific corporation unless better passenger service is put on.

Contractors on the World's fair buildings have been ordered to double their forces in order to expedite matters.

Geo. Thornton, a deputy United States marshal, was murdered from ambush in the Indian territory by horse-thieves.

A terrible earthquake has occurred on the Island of Hondo in Japan. Three hundred lives are known to have been lost.

Gold in paying quantities was struck by men drilling for the waterworks tunnel under the Missouri river in Kansas City.

Ex-State Agent Wynn of the Georgia Farmers' Alliance has settled a $20,000 shortage with the State Alliance exchange.

A switch engine in East St. Louis ran into a wagon, badly injuring Elisha Allen and his wife and killing their young son.

Pilot Thomas Welch of New York was convicted of manslaughter in causing the death of two people by running down a yacht.

In Shanghai, Mason, the Englishman charged with supplying arms to a Chinese society, was sentenced to nine months imprisonment.

Theodore Doerflinger, the defaulting treasurer of the Pittsburg school board, was arrested in Omaha. He admits a shortage of about $35,000.

A dispatch from Mombaza says the Lugard expedition defeated the rebel Arabs of Ugunda and Hunyoro. This is a severe blow to the slave trade.

The will of Samuel J. Tilden has been nullified by the supreme court of New York. His nephews and nieces will now get the $8,000,000 left by him.

In a rear end collision near Glenwood, Minn., five persons were killed and several others seriously wounded. Some of the railroad men have been arrested.

It is said the duty on corn will immediately be removed by the Mexican government on account of the shortage of receipts in some states of the republic.

The Strowger Automatic Telephone exchange has been incorporated in Illinois. The object is to do away with the need for operators at a central exchange.

A convention has been signed for the establishment of money orders between the United States and Trinidad and Tobago, West Indies, to go into effect January 1.

Miss Likens, a young lady who resided near Shaweville, Montgomery county, Va., was killed by a bear and partially devoured while gathering berries on the mountain side.

The experiment of sending messages by relays of bicyclists from Hartford, Conn., to New York, a distance of 122 miles, was accomplished in eight hours and twenty-six minutes.

A dispatch received in San Francisco from Nevada states that Sarah Winnemucca, the Piute princess, is dead. She lived on a ranch near Lovelooks, given her by the Southern Pacific railway.

The porte is enforcing the recent decree prohibiting Jewish families from entering Turkey. Two steamers having on board 160 Russian Jewish refugees were refused permission to disembark.

Steve L. Jones had both arms torn from his body in a gin near Courtney Flats, I. T. Physicians were summoned, but arrived too late to render any assistance. He died shortly after the accident.

In Scheringoff, Russia, fifty Jews were killed and 100 wounded in an anti-Jewish riot. The forests are full of Jewish refugees who are dying of starvation. The czar sent a commission to investigate.

Banker Seligman of New York, acting, it is said, in behalf of President Harrison and Secretary Foster, has been sounding Germany on the question of holding an international conference of bi-metalists.

The United States government has sent a gold watch and chain as a present to Captain D. D. Roop of the British bark Norcross for the rescue of the American ship William G. McGilvray in August, 1889.

The British warship Royalist is cruising among the Solomon Islands punishing natives for outrages committed upon British subjects. Chief Tono has been shot down and a village burned by the men of the navy.

A Swedish journalist named Undgren has arrived at Dunkirk from Gothenberg, Sweden, in an open boat sixteen feet long, using oars as the only means of propulsion. He is going to London and thence back to Gothenberg.

Fire in Meiningen, Switzerland, destroyed 220 houses, exclusive of large numbers of barns, stables and other buildings. Seven hundred and eighty-four persons were rendered homeless.

Fred Wilson, a railroad fireman, was held up in Toad-a-Loup, Kansas City, by negroes, who ordered him to deliver up his money. He showed fight and the footpads fell upon him with knives and stabbed him. He died in a few hours afterward.

A cyclone swept over Cannant, O., at 6:30 o'clock Tuesday evening, destroying thirty houses. The damage is about $150,000. The butter-tub factory, the planing mill and a number of residences were destroyed and a large amount of stock killed.

An Atlantic and Pacific train was wrecked near Flagstaff, Ariz., while running at the rate of forty miles an hour, seriously injuring several persons. The accident was caused by a broken rail. Every box left the track and tumbled down an embankment.

The Tennessee coal miners who released 300 convicts at work in the Briceville coal mines Friday night did not hurt anybody. Sheriff Rutherford has gone to Chattanooga, having been warned to leave by a committee of miners. Governor Buckman is determined to uphold the law.

The steamer General Tompkins, engaged to take the place of the steamer Chickasaw which sank near Memphis two weeks ago, has sunk in the White river cut-off. The dispatch says there were no lives lost, but the Tompkins, which was valued at $100,000, is a total loss. It is not known what cargo the boat was carrying.

Minnie Bonhauser of New York, a pretty brown-haired German girl, was found in her lover's bed-room with her throat cut from ear to ear. She was dead and had been for several hours. Her murderer, William Miller, a piano-maker, attempted to ruin the girl, failed to accomplish his design, killed her with his jackknife and then escaped.

Judge Caldwell at Fargo, sitting as circuit judge, has made a decision which, if sustained by the supreme court of the United States, will give to the Northern Pacific and the Central and Union Pacific railroads over 5,000,000 acres of valuable mineral lands which were not included, in fact were precluded, from the grant made to them.

The news regarding the American-Chilean trouble is such as to cause some apprehension. In Santiago de Chile the feeling is so intense as to alarm Americans living there, who know the Chilean temper. There have been no new diplomatic developments, but Chilean advices indicate that the government is likely to be more rather than less firm in its position.

'Squire Akers was in Purcell, I. T., and disposed of two bales of cotton, and late in the afternoon started home. On passing the schoolhouse on the hill he was attacked by two men. They pelted and pounded him till he was insensible and then robbed him of about $75. The popularity of 'Squire Akers makes it the more dangerous for the desperadoes if they are caught.

In a public interview General P. T. Beauregard, who is in St. Louis, states that he knows nothing of the indictments issued for his arrest. He also says he is in no way connected with the Louisiana Lottery company, being neither an officer, director or stockholder in the corporation, and has nothing whatever to do with it except in connection with General Early to see that the monthly drawings are conducted fairly and honestly.

Chronic Catarrh.

History of a Case that Needs No Comment.

What Has Been Done Can Be Done Again.

The efficacy of Pe-ru-na in the cure of Chronic Catarrh of long standing cannot be told in greater eloquence or more convincing argument than by simply making extracts from letters received from grateful patients. The following interesting extracts from a correspondence with Mr. Peter Hattenberger, of Porterfield, Wis., tell their own story;

PORTERFIELD, WIS., Aug. 1, '90

Dr. S. B. Hartman—Dear Sir: I have been suffering with chronic catarrh about nine years, and it has now settled on my lungs and I have all the symptoms of consumption.

August 19, 1890.

I have taken the Peruna now for three weeks as you advised, and I feel a great deal better. The cough has nearly left me and my appetite is getting better every day, and my sallow complexion is almost gone and my skin is getting white. The catarrh in my head still troubles me so much that I get almost crazy.

September 11, 1890.

I am improving very fast now. The cough is gone and the catarrh is commencing to leave my head and throat.

December 18, 1890.

I am still following your advice, and am getting along well.

February 12, 1891.

I am still improving in every way. The catarrh is leaving my head and throat.

April 27, 1891.

I am still using your medicine. My health is improving right along, my appetite is good, and I feel better than I have in five or six years.

August 28, 1891.

I am rid of the catarrh now and feel perfectly well and happy. You are at liberty to publish my case for the benefit of others, and if there is any one who has any doubt about your medicine curing catarrh let them write me and I will be very glad to answer them. God bless you and yours.

PETER HATTENBERGER,
Porterfield, Wis

It is to Pe-ru-na that he owes his life and health which he enjoys today, without the shadow of a doubt. Thousands of similar cases are occurring every year. Pe ru-na rarely fails to cure any catarrhal affections of the head, throat or lungs, from the slightest cold to the most pronounced type of catarrhal consumption. Directions for use accompany each bottle.

For a complete treatise as to the use of Pe-ru-na in the various stages, varieties and complications of catarrh, send at once for a copy of the Family Physician No. 2. Sent free to any address by the Peruna Medicine company, Columbus, Ohio.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"Old Hutch" Settles in Gotham.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—B. P. Hutchinson, late of Chicago, has a purchased a seat on the New York Produce exchange.

POUR some water in the sleeve holding the end tight as here shown or anywhere else where there is a seam, and see if it is water tight. There are goods in the market that look very nice, but will leak at every seam. We warrant Tower's IMPROVED Fish Brand Slicker to be water tight at every seam *and everywhere else; also not to peel or stick*, and authorize our dealers to make good any Slicker that fails in either point. There are two ways you can tell the Genuine *Improved* Fish Brand Slicker.

1st. A Soft Woolen Collar.
2d. This Trade Mark (below.)

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Special Notice.

We are selling Cloaks and Wraps from One Fifty to Two Dollars Cheaper than any house in McKinney. Give us a call and see.

M. ARON.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, childblains, corns and all skin eruptions and Positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box

For Sale by E N McAULAY and B—

Dr. E. LEE BURTON,

Physician, Surgeon and Specialist.

Has permanently located at McKinney, Office over Wiseman's Store, N. E. Corner of Square.

He is a member of the Alumni Association of the Kentucky School of Medicine.

Honorary member of the Historical Society of Baylor University.

Golden Medalist in General Therapeutics, &c.

He guarantees a certain and positive cure for all curable diseases.

Organic weakness, loss of power, general debility and nervous prostration speedily, completely and permanently cured.

Private blood and skin diseases treated strictly confidential and a cure guaranteed.

Diseases of the eye treated in the most scientific manner.

Cross eyes straightened in a few minutes, and all acute, subacute and ceronic eye troubles guaranteed cured.

Catarrh, in its most aggravated form, treated with success, and all nose and throat troubles positively cured.

Piles, fistula and rectal ulcers guaranteed cured, with but little or no detention from business.

Hydrocele and Varicocele permanently and successfully treated in every case.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet and Stricture a cure guaranteed.

All female troubles treated in a successful and scientific manner.

All correspondence strictly confidential, but cannot treat patients at a distance as it is necessary to see every case in order to successfully treat them.

TESTIMONIALS.

Mrs. E. Hunter, Cor. Main and St. Paul Sts., Dallas, Texas, says: A peculiar growth made its appearance in my throat six years ago; it gave me great pain and increased in size until I feared I would lose my life. I was treated by Dr. Burton and in 14 days was sound and well.

Rockwall, Texas, Sept. 10, 1890.—Mrs. Anna parsons says: I suffered with piles for eighteen years; my health failed and I was a complete wreck; in four weeks after I was treated by Dr. Burton I was entirely well and have gained sixteen pounds and have remained well to this day.

Five hundred of the best people in Rockwall and Dallas counties as references.

WILL A. WATKIN MUSIC CO.

737 Main and 109 Murphy Streets.

Dallas, - - - - - Texas.

PIANOS & ORGANS.

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Mandolins, Strings &c.

Pianos and Organs sold at the lowest eastern prices for cash or easy payments. Write for prices and terms before buying elsewhere.

Dallas, - - - - Texas.

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J. P. DOWELL,

FOR

China, Pottery and Glassware.

Tea Sets,	Cupsadores,
Fish Sets,	Fruit Plates,
Game Sets,	Toy Tea Sets,
Dinner Sets,	Bisgom Fyrnes,
Chamber Sets,	Jerry and Tom Sets,
Ice Cream Sets,	Vases, and Baskets,
Milk ann Mush Sets,	Comport, Bouquett Holders.
Table Glassware Sets,	Crystal, Plain, and Cut Bar Glasses.
Crystal and Colored Sets,	
Havilene's Best China Sets,	
Japanese and China Goods,	

In fact best Pottery of all kinds, and none but best of English Wares handled, from Johnson Bros. and other Potterys of England.

Christmas Goods of the Latest Production and Best Patterns of Germany, England and Japan.

Call and Inspect Our Stock.

FOR A CHEAP AND FINE STOVE

Do not Fail to Examine the SUPERIOR and the NEW MOHAWK that leads all in Finish, Weight and Durability and for Heaters of all kinds.

Examine them and you will be Sure to Buy.

J. P. DOWELL.

REOPENING.

The Kentucky House, on East Louisiana Street, will be opened on November 1, 1891.

J. T. Seal and Oklahoma Proprietor.

The public is cordially invited to give them a trial.

Meals, - - - - - - - 25 cts.

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

This old and reliable preparation instantly subdues all surface pains and is a speedy relief for Neuralgia, Rheumatism and kindred diseases, even in their chronic stages. Invaluable in case of accident or sudden illness. It is strictly a home remedy.

Tried and True.

Keep it on Hand.

Apply it Vigorously.

It is the universal panacea, wonderful in its healing powers, exerting an effect almost magical. In many families for upwards of half a century the only medicine, always a household favorite, with a prominent place in the confidence of the people.

Sold everywhere. Put up in 25c., 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

THE NEW CANTON STALK CUTTER

We were the first manufacturers to introduce STALK CUTTERS, and have kept abreast of the times with modern improvements. They are a valuable implement, preparing the ground for plowing and leaving land to be farmed under which ENRICHES THE SOIL. The Canton has floating on front end, cornering with lever, thus following the inequalities of corn rows, also giving knives a shearing motion. This excellent feature is found only in the Canton. It has HIGHEST METAL WHEELS, insuring LIGHTEST DRAFT. Other points of excellence given in circular mailed free to any address. We also manufacture Canton Clipper Plows, Volunteer and Victor Cultivators, Disc Harrows, Tryolete Sulky and Gang Plows, Cotton and Corn Planters, and handle Buggies, Carts, Pumps, Wind Mills, Scientific Grinding Mills, Bals, COOPER STEEL WAGONS. Write us for your wants.

PARLIN & ORENDORFF CO., DALLAS, TEX.

The Old Reliable

D. WARD

Special attention to mail orders. Write for prices and terms before buying elsewhere.

ST. MARY'S COLLEGE

THE DEMOCRAT.

EDITED AND PUBLISHED

By F. C. Thompson.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year,	$1,50
Eight Months,	1.00
Six Months,	75
Three "	40

Our Advertising Rates.

One column 1 year	$150.00
Half column 1 year	80.00
1-inch single column	12.00

Local notices, 7 cents per line for each insertion. Obituaries of more than 10 lines will be charged for at our usual rates.

All contracts will be charged for in proportion to the above.

Address,

DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.,
McKinney, Texes.

THURSDAY NOV. 5, 1891.

TO OUR READERS.

During the coming fall the proprietor of THE DEMOCRAT will call on each subscriber, who is in arrears on subscription for one year or more, for settlement. We hope that those who are behind will bring or send us the amount they are due us so as to avoid unnecessary expense to us. We are badly in need of money and we hope our readers will rally to our support. Please don't forget The DEMOCRAT.

UNCLE SAM is having a severe "tussel" with Chili.

THE average modern voter has no strings tied to him.

IT will take a very strong collar to hold the boys in 1892.

SOME men are active enough to climb to the apex of audacity.

THE Dallas fair closed last Sunday after a successful season.

THE bears are playing the d—l with the bulls in the cotton market.

THE Maverick bank, of Boston, suspended payment last Monday.

THE flag of justice should wave above the head of a noble peasantry.

THE political waves are dashing so thick and high that politicians have considerable trouble to ride them.

THE proud and strong should heed the cry of the humble and weak if they wish to bridge the chasm that intervenes.

"DROP a nickel in the slot" is on the increase. Every device imaginable is prevalent to draw money from the people's pockets.

THE New Texas World's fair organization composed of county exhibitors will meet on the first of December next at the city hall in Dallas.

THE election returns to date indicate that the democrats have carried New York by a good majority while the republicans have made a clear sweep in Ohio, Iowa and Massachusettes are democratic and Pennsylvania is carried by the republicans.

The Valparaiso Affair.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The following account of the Valparaiso affair, about which so much is now being said, has been received here: The sailors of the Baltimore were insulted in the streets by Chileans, who spit in their faces. Although urged to do so they did not resent it, but took refuge in a street car. The mob stopped the car and dragged them out, beating them with sticks and stones and knifing them. One fell with twenty-two stabs, and his comrade was assisting him to a doctor's when a policeman shot him in the neck, killing him instantly. An officer with a white cap drew his sword and slashed away indiscriminately, and the attack became general. Sailors eating in a restaurant were beaten and stabbed, and the mounted police sabred the Americans. One was tied by the wrists to a horse and dragged through the streets, and another hauled to the station with a lasso around his neck. The Baltimore's men were completely unarmed.

Three Fatalities.

LAFAYETTE, La., Oct. 31.—Last night a young colored man, Henry Brown, met death in a most shocking manner. He was stealing a ride on the passenger train due here at 10:50 p. m., and just as the train arrived here he lost his hold and fell under the moving cars, being crushed into a pulp. The coroner's jury returned a verdict as indicated by the above facts.

George Hopkins was drowned yesterday in bayou Vermillion, near here. Deceased was a man of family and leaves a wife and several children. It is presumed he was on a fishing expedition and was intoxicated.

A little negro child was burned to death near Broussardville. Left alone in a cabin the child set fire to its clothing and was horribly burned before assistance arrived, death resulting in a few

HAPPENINGS IN TEXAS.

News Gathered Throughout the Lone Star State

AND CUT TO PROPER DIMENSIONS

To Suit the Surroundings—Facts Concerning the Important Happenings in Every City and Town in this Great Commonwealth.

DENTON, Nov. 2.—Sheriff Mars has brought in J. T. Gidcumb, charged with murder and arson committed here four years ago. He was arrested in Illinois.

Negro Shot by a Mexican.

RUNGE, Nov. 2.—A colored man named Ellis Lott was shot and killed on Butler's ranch. The killer was a Mexican, name unknown, and the weapon was a Winchester carbine. The shooter has not been arrested, but will probably surrender when he gets ready.

Train Robber Turns State's Evidence.

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 2.—James Lansford, one of the men arrested upon the charge of being implicated in the Southern Pacific train robbery, has confessed his guilt. He claims to have been forced into joining Fields, Flint and Wellington, the other robbers, by threats upon his life.

Given Fifty Years for Murder.

HOUSTON, Oct. 31.—In the district court the case of Hunter, the man who shot and killed Constable Mobley on the first Sunday night of Rev. Sam Jones' meeting here last April, was concluded and the jury gave him fifty years in the penitentiary. The want of proof of premeditation alone saved him from the gallows.

Chewed an Ear Off.

GROVETON, Oct. 31.—In the justice court S. G. Scott was representing a negro in a case in which John Raily was a witness, and Mr. Scott in his argument to the jury made some remarks about Mr. Railey at which the latter took offense and knocked Mr. Scott down and bit his ear off before he could be gotten off. Scott is a proment young attorney and Bailey is an honest young man of good moral character. The affair created quite an excitement in this quiet town for a short time.

Desperado Captured.

TEXARKANA, Oct. 31.—Napoleon McDaniels, the famous Cotton Belt bandit, who with three others on the night of June 9, 1890, ditched and robbed a Cotton Belt passenger train at Spur switch, five miles west of here, and who was in October following given a life sentence in the penitentiary, and who escaped from jail by braining his jailer Dec. 8 last, was captured in his house in the north suburbs Wednesday morning. He was taken to the Grayson county jail for safe keeping. He is a fearless and desperate man, and great surprise is felt that he was taken alive.

Waco Cuttings.

WACO, Nov. 2.—Anthony Hodge, colored, and Deck Henderson, white, were slaughtering animals in a slaughter house when a dispute arose between them. The negro rushed upon the white man with a large hook peculiar to the butchers' trade. Henderson repulsed him and drew his skinning knife across the negro, opening a gash five inches long on his neck. Hodge is in a critical condition and may die. Henderson surrendered and will remain in jail awaiting the action of the grand jury now in session.

Nat Holmes, colored, employed in a butcher shop, was stabbed under the left shoulder with a butcher's cleaver by a colored woman, Bettie Bradshaw.

Ward's Sensational Killing.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—The little village of Birdville in this county, nine years ago, was the scene of a sensational murder. James Ward, a well known citizen of the neighborhood, while riding along the road at night was shot and killed by a hidden assassin. The manner of his taking off outraged public sentiment and extraordinary efforts to apprehend the murderer or murderers were at once taken and persisted in until last spring the grand jury formally charged Mose Morgan with the crime. His trial at a previous term of the court failed of a verdict and Wednesday he was arraigned for the second time to contest his life with the state. The evidence was concluded Thursday and the case given to the jury. All the evidence was circumstantial. The defense was an alibi. Morgan is a prominent man.

Outgeneraled Grandpa.

CISCO, Nov. 2.—There arrived in Cisco a few evenings ago an old gentleman named Head, accompanied by his granddaughter, Miss Allie Head, a charming young lady of sweet sixteen or thereabouts. On the same train, unknown to the old man, was a young man named Honk, the very person the grandfather was trying to separate Miss Allie from by carrying her west. The young man kept himself hid until he had managed to get a note to his sweetheart and receive an answer that she was ready to elope with him. After Grandpa Head had retired for the night to refresh himself to resume the journey in the morning, a buggy with a fast team pulled up at the hotel and the lovers entered it and drove to Eastland and were married. The couple returned during the night and sat up until the early train of the Texas and Pacific arrived, when they went east. When Grandpa Head arose from his slumbers he was surprised at reading a note from his granddaughter stating she was married.

A Heavy Dose.

ALEXANDRIA, La., Oct. 31.—On the Ball plantation two miles above here, George Butler instantly killed another negro, Sandy Jenkins, with a double barreled shotgun. The deceased also had a shotgun, but it was not loaded, and he was trying to bluff Butler. Both negroes bore the reputation of being vicious when drunk. Butler was arrested and jailed.

Going Back on the Old Party.

Colonel Scott was driving down town a few mornings since; he proffered a seat to a well dressed gentleman, who accepted, and in the course of the ride remarked that his home was in Kansas, that he had been in the city on business for a few days and expected to return home that day. Thinking the occasion a good one for learning something of the political situation in that state, the colonel asked him whether or not it was true that the Kansas Alliance men were going back to the old parties this year, as the Iowa papers were claiming? The gentleman gave a disgusted snort, and said, "I am sorry to say, sir, that there is no ground for the claim; the damn fools beat anything I ever saw; they are twice as strong as they were last year." Further conversation disclosed the fact that the gentleman was a banker and a Republican.—Iowa Tribune.

Celestials Caught.

EL PASO, Oct. 31.—C. S. Irvin, special agent of the United States treasury, boarded the Santa Fe train just as it was about to leave for the north and took three Chinamen therefrom. Mr. Irvin said these Chinamen had come across from Mexico. They were put in the

NEWS CONDENSATIONS.

Items of Interest from All Parts of the Country.

Natural gas been struck near Monticello, Ill.

The president has appointed William H. Meade commander in the navy.

The first blizzard of the season is reported in North and South Dakota and Minnesota.

Four persons were killed by the escape of carbonic acid in a refinery at Slenimn, Prussia.

Dr. Beziat of France and his escort of eight natives were massacred in Madagascar by bandits.

Lee Hunn, president of the Fan-Tan-Tong, the Chinese Gambling association of New York, is dead.

A false rumor of a plot to murder William O'Brien caused excitement in Cork until it was disproved.

Ex-President Cleveland addressed a large audience in Boston in the interest of the Democratic candidates.

Kansas threatens to annul the charter of a Missouri Pacific corporation unless better passenger service is put on.

Contractors on the World's fair buildings have been ordered to double their forces in order to expedite matters.

Geo. Thornton, a deputy United States marshal, was murdered from ambush in the Indian territory by horse-thieves.

A terrible earthquake has occurred on the Island of Hondo in Japan. Three hundred lives are known to have been lost.

Gold in paying quantities was struck by men drilling for the waterworks tunnel under the Missouri river in Kansas City.

Ex-State Agent Wynn of the Georgia Farmers' Alliance has settled a $20,000 shortage with the State Alliance exchange.

A switch engine in East St. Louis ran into a wagon, badly injuring Elisha Allen and his wife and killing their young son.

Pilot Thomas Welch of New York was convicted of manslaughter in causing the death of two people by running down a yacht.

In Shanghai, Mason, the Englishman charged with supplying arms to a Chinese society, was sentenced to nine months imprisonment.

Theodore Doerflinger, the defaulting treasurer of the Pittsburg school board, was arrested in Omaha. He admits a shortage of about $35,000.

A dispatch from Mombaza says the Lugard expedition defeated the rebel Arabs of Ugunda and Hunyoro. This is a severe blow to the slave trade.

The will of Samuel J. Tilden has been nullified by the supreme court of New York. His nephews and nieces will now get the $8,000,000 left by him.

In a rear end collision near Glenwood, Minn., five persons were killed and several others seriously wounded. Some of the railroad men have been arrested.

It is said the duty on corn will immediately be removed by the Mexican government on account of the shortage of receipts in some states of the republic.

The Strowger Automatic Telephone exchange has been incorporated in Illinois. The object is to do away with the need for operators at a central exchange.

A convention has been signed for the establishment of money orders between the United States and Trinidad and Tobago, West Indies, to go into effect January 1.

Miss Likens, a young lady who resided near Shaweville, Montgomery county, Va., was killed by a bear and partially devoured while gathering berries on the mountain side.

The experiment of sending messages by relays of bicyclists from Hartford, Conn., to New York, a distance of 122 miles, was accomplished in eight hours and twenty-six minutes.

A dispatch received in San Francisco from Nevada states that Sarah Winnemucca, the Piute princess, is dead. She lived on a ranch near Lovelooks, given her by the Southern Pacific railway.

The porte is enforcing the recent decree prohibiting Jewish families from entering Turkey. Two steamers having on board 160 Russian Jewish refugees were refused permission to disembark.

Steve L. Jones had both arms torn from his body in a gin near Courtney Flats, I. T. Physicians were summoned, but arrived too late to render any assistance. He died shortly after the accident.

In Scheringoff, Russia, fifty Jews were killed and 100 wounded in an anti-Jewish riot. The forests are full of Jewish refugees who are dying of starvation. The czar sent a commission to investigate.

Banker Seligman of New York, acting, it is said, in behalf of President Harrison and Secretary Foster, has been sounding Germany on the question of holding an international conference of bi-metalists.

The United States government has sent a gold watch and chain as a present to Captain D. D. Roop of the British bark Norcross for the rescue of the American ship William G. McGilvray in August, 1869.

The British warship Royalist is cruising among the Solomon Islands punishing natives for outrages committed upon British subjects. Chief Tono has been shot down and a village burned by the men of the navy.

A Swedish journalist named Undgren has arrived at Dunkirk from Gothenberg, Sweden, in an open boat sixteen feet long, using oars as the only means of propulsion. He is going to London and thence back to Gotheuberg.

Fire in Meiningen, Switzerland, destroyed 220 houses, exclusive of large numbers of barns, stables and other buildings. Seven hundred and eighty-four persons were rendered homeless.

Fred Wilson, a railroad fireman, was held up in Toad-a-Loup, Kansas City, by negroes, who ordered him to deliver up his money. He showed fight and the footpads fell upon him with knives and stabbed him. He died in a few hours afterward.

A cyclone swept over Cannant, O., at 6:30 o'clock Tuesday evening, destroying thirty houses. The damage is about $150,000. The butter-tub factory, the planing mill and a number of residences were destroyed and a large amount of stock killed.

An Atlantic and Pacific train was wrecked near Flagstaff, Ariz., while running at the rate of forty miles an hour, seriously injuring several persons. The accident was caused by a broken rail. Every box left the track and tumbled down an embankment.

The Tennessee coal miners who released 300 convicts at work in the Briceville coal mines Friday night did not hurt anybody. Sheriff Rutherford has gone to Chattanooga, having been warned to leave by a committee of miners. Governor Buchanan is determined to uphold the law.

engaged to take the place of the steamer Chickasaw which sank near Memphis two weeks ago, has sunk in the White river cut-off. The dispatch says there were no lives lost, but the Tompkins, which was valued at $100,000, is a total loss. It is not known what cargo the boat was carrying.

Minnie Bonhauser of New York, a pretty brown-haired German girl, was found in her lover's bed-room with her throat cut from ear to ear. She was dead and had been for several hours. Her murderer, William Miller, a piano-maker, attempted to ruin the girl, failed to accomplish his design, killed her with his jackknife and then escaped.

Judge Caldwell at Fargo, sitting as circuit judge, has made a decision which, if sustained by the supreme court of the United States, will give to the Northern Pacific and the Central and Union Pacific railroads over 5,000,000 acres of valuable mineral lands which were not included, in fact were precluded, from the grant made to them.

The news regarding the American-Chilean trouble is such as to cause some apprehension. In Santiago de Chile the feeling is so intense as to alarm Americans living there, who know the Chilean temper. There have been no new diplomatic developments, but Chilean advices indicate that the government is likely to be more rather than less firm in its position.

'Squire Akers was in Purcell, I. T., and disposed of two bales of cotton, and late in the afternoon started home. On passing the schoolhouse on the hill he was attacked by two men. They pelted and pounded him till he was insensible and then robbed him of about $75. The popularity of 'Squire Akers makes it the more dangerous for the desperadoes if they are caught.

In a public interview General P. T. Beauregard, who is in St. Louis, states that he knows nothing of the indictments issued for his arrest. He also says he is in no way connected with the Louisiana Lottery company, being neither an officer, director or stockholder in the corporation, and has nothing whatever to do with it except in connection with General Early to see that the monthly drawings are conducted fairly and honestly.

Chronic Catarrh.

History of a Case that Needs No Comment.

What Has Been Done Can Be Done Again.

The efficacy of Pe-ru-na in the cure of Chronic Catarrh of long standing cannot be told in greater eloquence or more convincing argument than by simply making extracts from letters received from grateful patients. The following interesting extracts from a correspondence with Mr. Peter Hattenberger, of Porterfield, Wis., tell their own story;

PORTERFIELD, WIS., Aug. 1, '90

Dr. S. B. Hartman—Dear Sir: I have been suffering with chronic catarrh about nine years, and it has now settled on my lungs and I have all the symptoms of consumption.

August 19, 1890.

I have taken the Pe-ru-na now for three weeks as you advised, and I feel a great deal better. The cough has nearly left me and my appetite is getting better every day, and my sallow complexion is almost gone and my skin is getting white. The catarrh in my head still troubles me so much that I get almost crazy.

September 11, 1890.

I am improving very fast now. The cough is gone and the catarrh is commencing to leave my head and throat.

December 18, 1890.

I am still following your advice, and am getting along well.

February 12, 1891.

I am still improving in every way. The catarrh is leaving my head and throat.

April 27, 1891.

I am still using your medicine. My health is improving right along, my appetite is good, and I feel better than I have in five or six years.

August 28, 1891.

I am rid of the catarrh now and feel perfectly well and happy. You are at liberty to publish my case for the benefit of others, and if there is any one who has any doubt about your medicine curing catarrh let them write me and I will be very glad to answer them. God bless you and yours.

PETER HATTENBERGER,
Porterfield, Wis

It is to Pe-ru-na that he owes his life and health which he enjoys today, without the shadow of a doubt. Thousands of similar cases are occurring every year. Pe ru-na rarely fails to cure any catarrhal affections of the head, throat or lungs, from the slightest cold to the most pronounced type of catarrhal consumption. Directions for use accompany each bottle.

For a complete treatise as to the use of Pe-ru-na in the various stages, varieties and complications of catarrh, send at once for a copy of the Family Physician No. 2. Sent free to any address by the Peruna Medicine company, Columbus, Ohio.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"Old Hutch" Settles in Gotham.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—B. P. Hutchinson, late of Chicago, has a purchased a seat on the New York Produce exchange.

POUR some water in the sleeve holding the end tight as here shown or anywhere else where there is a seam, and see if it is water tight. There are goods in the market that look very nice, but will leak at every seam. We warrant Tower's IMPROVED Fish Brand Slicker to be water tight at every seam *and everywhere else; also not to peel or stick*, and authorize our dealers to make good any Slicker that fails in either point. There are two ways you can tell the Genuine *Improved* Fish Brand Slicker.

1st. A Soft Woolen Collar.
2d. This Trade Mark (below.)

Watch Out for both these points!

Send for Catalogue free.
A. J. TOWER, Mfr., Boston, Mass.

Special Notice.

We are selling Cloaks and Wraps from One Fifty to Two Dollars Cheaper than any house in McKinney. Give us a call and see. M. ARON.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, brulaks sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, childblains, corns and all skin eruptions and Positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to gile perfec tsatfacstion, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bo

For Sale by E N McAULAY and B—

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FOR

China, Pottery and Glassware

Tea Sets,	Cupsadores,
Fish Sets,	Fruit Plates,
Game Sets,	Toy Tea Sets,
Dinner Sets,	Bisgom Fyrnes,
Chamber Sets,	Jerry and Tom Sets,
Ice Cream Sets,	Vases, and Baskets,
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Examine them and you will b Sure to Buy.

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Dr. E. LEE BURTON,

Physician, Surgeon and Specialist.

Has permanently located at McKinney, Office over Wiseman's Store, N. E. Corner of Square.

He is a member of the Alumni Association of the Kentucky School of Medicine.

Honorary member of the Historical Society of Baylor University.

Golden Medalist in General Therapeutics, &c.

He guarantees a certain and positive cure for all curable diseases.

Organic weakness, loss of power, general debility and nervous prostration speedily, completely and permanently cured.

Private blood and skin diseases treated strictly confidential and a cure guaranteed.

Diseases of the eye treated in the most scientific manner.

Cross eyes straightened in a few minutes, and all acute, subacute and ceronic eye troubles guaranteed cured.

Catarrh, in its most aggravated form, treated with success, and all nose and throat troubles positively cured.

Piles, fistula and rectal ulcers guaranteed cured, with but little or no detention from business.

Hydrocele and Varicocele permanently and successfully treated in every case.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet and Stricture a cure guaranteed.

All female troubles treated in a successful and scientific manner.

All correspondence strictly confidential, but cannot treat patients at a distance as it is necessary to see every case in order to successfully treat them.

TESTIMONIALS.

Mrs. E. Hunter, Cor. Main and St. Paul Sts., Dallas, Texas, says: A peculiar growth made its appearance in my throat six years ago; it gave me great pain and increased in size until I feared I would lose my life. I was treated by Dr. Burton and in 14 days was sound and well.

Rockwall, Texas, Sept. 10, 1890.—Mrs. Anna parsons says: I suffered with piles for eighteen years; my health failed and I was a complete wreck; in four weeks after I was treated by Dr. Burton I was entirely well and have gained sixteen pounds and have remained well to this day.

Five hundred of the best people in Rockwall and Dallas counties as references.

WILL A. WATKIN MUSIC CO.

737 Main and 109 Murphy Streets.

Dallas, - - - - - Texas.

PIANOS & ORGANS.

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Mandolins, Strings &c.

Pianos and Organs sold at the lowest eastern prices for cash or easy payments. Write for prices and terms before buying elsewhere.

Dallas, - - - - - Texas.

REOPENING.

The Kentucky House, on East Louisiana Street, will be opened on November 1, 1891.

J. T. Seal and Oklahoma Proprietor

The public is cordially invited to give them a trial.

Meals, - - - - - 25 cts

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

This old and reliable preparation instantly subdues all surface pains and is a speedy relief for Neuralgia, Rheumatism and kindred diseases, even in their chronic stages. Invaluable in case of accident or sudden illness. It is strictly a home remedy.

Tried and True.

Keep it on Hand.

Apply it Vigorously.

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PARLIN & ORENDORFF CO., DALLAS, TEXAS.

The Old Reliable

DR. WARD

OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, MO. Special attention given to all diseases or troubles in male or female, married or single, brought about by exposure, abuse, excesses or improprieties.

THE OLD DOCTOR Of 30 years' successful experience, may be consulted by mail, or at the office, free of charge. *No Reliable, Skillful Treatment Guaranteed.*

Board and apartments furnished to those who desire personal care. Send 2c. stamp for circular.

NERVES (Its Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, Weakness and Decay, sent free in a sealed envelope.

Ward House, 1117 N. 9th Street, St. Louis, Mo.

St. North Dallas

BUSINESS COLLEGES—Oldest and Greatest Schools in the south. Over 5 thousand students in 10 years. The only schools that ever won gold medals at state fairs. Over 500 students in attendance this year. Elegant catalogue free. Address Prof. C. Kleberg, President, Fort Worth or Dallas, Texas. The Dallas Business College also has a Shorthand Department.

LADIES

Reading Music, or children who want to learn to sing, should take lessons of PROF. MITTNER. He is a graduate of the Royal Conservatory of Music, Leipsic, Germany, and has had many years experience in teaching. Terms reasonable. Studio at residence, 1117 N. 9th Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

H. & T. C. TIME CARD.

Going south,	No. 2	6:00 a. m.
" "	No. 4	4:48 p. m.
" "	No. 14	9:10 p. m.
Going north,	No. 3	9:04 a. m.
" "	No. 1	8:46 p. m.
" "	No. 13	6:10 a. m.

M. K. & T.

Arrives at ..... 12:40 p. m.
Leaves at ..... 1:45 p. m.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. J. S. Weaver, pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. ——— superintendent.

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Preaching every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m and 7:45 p. m.. Sunday school Sunday morning at 9:45 o'clock. T. C. Perry, superintendent.

LOCAL NEWS.

Esq Solomon was in the city week.

Hard Butler, of Plano, was in the city Sunday.

R. R. Parker was in Dallas Saturday on business.

There was an unusual crowd in the city last Monday.

T. C. Perry of the Mississippi store was sick this week.

Postmaster Smith has been on the sick list this week.

Several horse races were had at the fair grounds last Monday.

As the norther sweeps down upon us we sigh for an overcoat.

Mrs. M. A. Bowin of the Nickle store was very sick this week.

The auctioneer of "cheap goods" continues to cry on our streets.

Frank Ford exhibited an Indian mummy in McKinney last Monday.

Dr. T. C. Reedy will be at the City hotel next Monday and Tuesday.

A man was arrested and fined for riding on the sidewalk last Monday.

The cotton market is dull, but the matrimonial market remains firm.

Tom Burch, of near Wylie, Tex., was in the city Monday on business.

It is thought that the artesian well committee has gone the way of McGinty.

The cotton wharf caught on fire last Friday but only three bales were burned.

J. A. Evans returned this week from a business trip to Beeville, Texas.

George Yeager, of Ardmore, I. T., came down last Saturday to enter into school.

John Y. Bowen is in the city attending the session of the commissioner's court.

If you want to see us act polite just walk in and give us some subscription money.

THE DEMOCRAT is doing business up stairs just east of J. P. Dowell's hardware store.

Frank James is in the city. He has some fine Spanish jacks on exhibition at Gabe Beck's stable.

The pastor wants to see every Methodist at the 11 o'clock service next Sunday. No collection.

Mr. J. L. Lovelady, of New Bonport, Texas, called in to see us last Tuesday and renewed for THE DEMOCRAT and congratulated us upon its improvement.

Hundreds of people drags along through the weary summer months their lives made miserably by chills and fever and who could be well and happy if they would only take Chamberlain's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It never fails to cure and is only 50 and 75 cents per bottle. "No cure, no pay."

Mr. John Davis, fomerally of this city, but now of Greenville was in the city last Friday and Saturday.

W. T. Myrick, of St. Paul, was in to see us and left a large sweet potato on our exchange table. Thanks.

Dick Beavers and Ike Mc Donald quarreled last Sunday east of Wylie, resulting in the fatal injury of Beavers.

Our good friend J. H. Isbell, a rustling farmer from near Altogo, was in the city on the notorious "first Monday."

Rainfall in Oct. 1891, as kept by C. B. Moore at advalorem, 6 miles north of McKinney. Texas. Oct. 4, 1-8 of an inch.

From the number of people in McKinney last Monday one would think that the Dallas fair visitors had all called to see us.

W. W. Chapman, of Allen, filed a bond last Monday for $8,000 preparatory to taking charge of the Postoffice at that place.

The handsome correspondent of the Dallas News wires to that paper that "McKinney has an artesian well on paper and a cow law."

Jim Rogers, of Verona, and Bob Jett from east of McKinney, ran a foot race last Monday at the fair grounds resulting in a victory for the latter.

Charlie Quisenberry (col.) faked a horse belonging to Jno. Martin last Saturday night, but was caught in Dallas. He now languishes in the county jail.

A Mr. Cook, who lives in McKinney and a Mr. Andrews, of Lazy Neck, ran a foot race last Monday—victory for the former. One hundred dollars were staked on the race.

Mr. Paul Bean and Miss Mary Umphres were married at the residence of the bride's father at Van Alstyne last Sunday. Mrs. Bean is a sister to Mrs. H. L. Davis of this city.

Miss Annie White, daughter of Mr. Joe White, formerally of our city, but now of Weatherford, spent several days in our city last week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. O'Gwin.

J. H. Bryant, of Fayburgh, lost his pocket book together with $160 in it last Sunday on the Ladonia road just east of McKinney. John Johnson Jr., found the book, but it was empty. The owner will pay a liberal reward for the money or any clew leading to its recovery.

Bob Skeln, the jeweler, gunsmith and sewing machine repairer, who has given satisfaction in the past has opened up a shop on East Louisiana street near the depot, where he invites the public to call and give him a trial

Many old soldiers, who contracted chronic diarrhoe while in the service, have since been permanently cured of it by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by Bristol Bros.

One day last week a couple applied to Ed Keen for a marriage certificate. The groom was near 70 years old and the bride about 60 years old. True to his instruction Ed required the happy pair to make affidavit that they had arrived at the marriageable age.

For lame back there is nothing better than to saturate a flannel cloth with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on the affected parts. Try it and you will be surprised at the prompt relief it affords. The same treatment will cure rheumatism. For sale by Bristol Bros.

Rev. B. H. Carroll, one of the most distinguished divines of the South preached at the Baptist church Sunday and Sunday night last. His sermon on Sunday night was grand. He elicited the rapt attention of his audiance as he handled his enbject with argumentative skill, clothed in the most beautiful and impressive language. None but those who have heard this eloquent and gifted man know how to appreciate his worth and honor to the Lone Star State.

Its Excellent Qualities

Commend to public approval the California liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. It is pleasing to the eye, and to the taste and by gently acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, it cleanses the system effectually, thereby preventing the headaches and sickness of all who use it. Sold by druggists, ———

We believe that the stingiest man in Texas lives in McKinney. A lawyer told us the following incident of a retired gentleman, who is not worth over $40,000: "This man of economy came down to a grocery house one morning for some butter. The price was 25 cents per lb., which he claimed was more than he could stand. He said he wanted some 10 cent butter, even if it was a little strong—that he had a large family of children who could eat it, while he would take 1-2 lb. of good butter for him and his wife."

An honest Swede tells his story in plain but unmistakable language for the benefit of the public. "One of my children took a severe cold and got the croup. I gave her a teaspoonful of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and in five minutes later I gave her one more. By this time she had to cough up the gathering in her throat. Then she went to sleep and slept good for fifteen minutes. Then she got up and vomited; then she went back to bed and slept good for the remaider of the night. She got the croup the second night and I gave her the same remedy with the same good results. I write this because I thought there might be some one in the same need and not know the true merits of this wonderful medicine." Charles A. Thompseen, Des Moines, Iowa. 50 cent bottles for sale by Bristol Bros.

Marriage Bells.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by county clerk Keen, since our last report:

Edgar Averitt and Mattie Burruss, J. T. Brigham and Bernettie Nelson, W. B. Stark and M. A. Garrett, Joseph Runnion and Mrs. Mary Griffin, J. F. Hook and Susan Gist, O. H. Dodson and Tennie Felker.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs Michael Curtain, Plainfield Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued use and after taking ten bottles found herself sonnd and well, now does her own house work and is as well as ever she was.—Free trial bottle of this Great Discovery at E. N. McAulay & Bro's Drug store, large bottle 50c and $1 00

The following named gentle men favored us by paying subscription this week:

W. P. Yeary,
Jim Biggs,
P. B. Bucklew,
J. M. Lewis,
Jno. M. Lewis,
Britt Simmons,
J. L. Lovelady,
W. S. Crocket.
J. W. Reed.

A Fatal Mistake.

Physicians make no more fatal mistake than when they inform patients that heart trouble comes from the stomach and are of little consequence. Dr. Franklin Miles, the noted Indiana Specialist, has proven the contrary in his new book on "Heart Disease," which may be had free at Smith Bros Drugstore, who guarantees and recommends Dr. Miles unequaled New Heart Cure, which has the largest sale of any heart remedy in the world. It cures nervous and organic heart disease short breath, fluttering, pain or tenderness in the side, arm or shoulder, irregular pulse, fainting, smothering, dropsy, etc. His restorative nervine cures headache, fits, etc.

It is a notorious fact that almost all the so called self-made men of Texas are men who have been kept in office by the people for nearly a generation. Yet they look the voters who made them in the face and boast of the wonderful things they have done for themselves.—Dallas News.

The is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of cough, croup and bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price, 10c., 50c., and $1. If your lungs are sore chest, or lame back, use Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by Bristol Bros.

ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

Cook—Aspley.

Mr. F. T. Cook and Miss Eubera Aspley were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony at the First Methodist church in Sherman yesterday in the presence of a large concourse of friends. The groom is a young gentleman of high attainments, engaged as special agent of the New York Life insurance company. He is well and favorably know in and around McKinney, where he has been engaged in business for several months past. The bride is one of Sherman's fairest and lovable daughters, possessed of all the qualities necessary for a true and noble life partner to the one who is blessed by winning her heart and hand.

The happy couple passed through McKinney last evening enroute to Galveston, where they will remain for several days. THE DEMOCRAT wishes their future pathway to be arched by garlands of never fading flowers, the fragrance of which will accompany them to the shore beyond—where they may bask in the sunshine of eternal joy.

RUNNION—GRIFFIN.

Mr. Joseph Runnion and Mrs. M. E. Griffin were married at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. Bennett, near Gray Bill, last Sunday. THE DEMOCRAT heartily extends the usual congratulations and bespeaks for them a long life of domestic happiness.

The following were present at the reception give at the residence of Joseph Runnion and lady, on North Tennessee street, on last Monday evening: Rev. Dr. Russel and lady, Dr. Erwin and lady, Pierce Brooks and lady, Col. Allison and daughter, Mrs. Maddix, Joe Horton and Eva French, Chas. Eastes and Ida Douglass, —— Smith, Dr. Gale, Capt. Lon Blizard, James Douglass and family, Mrs. Sallie Douglass entertained.

A nice supper was given and all enjoyed themselves. Several presents were received, one being a sack of flour and another a dollars worth of sugar.

HILL—FOX.

Mr. Will Hill and Miss Lillie Fox were married at the Christian church last evening, Rev. Pritchett officiating. The churh was filled with relatives and friends to greet the happy pair. After the marriage ceremony the bride and groom took the south-bound train amid showers of blessings from admiring friends.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant; same town says Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle at E. N. McAulay & Bro. drug store.

The standing armies in politics, called grand old parties, sell to the people their rights at so much apiece. The people are taxed for liberties and protection which they never receive.—Dallas News.

How to Succeed.

This is the great problem of life which few satisfactorily solve. Some fail because of poor health, others want of luck, but the majority from deficient grit—want of nerve. They are nervous, irresalute, changeable. easily get the blue and "take the spirits down to keep the spirits up," thus wasting money, time, opportunity and nerve force. There is nothing like the Restorative Nervine, discovered by the great specialist Dr. Miles to cure all nervous diseases as, headache, the blues, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, fits, and hysteria. Trial bottle and fine book of testimonials free at Smith Bros., Drug store.

Special Notice.

Dress Goods, Trimmings and Millinery in endless variety, for less money than any house in ——— Give us a call,

M. ARON.

Wants to Organize a Democrat Club.

The Sub-Treasury Bill.

LUCAS, Oct. 29, '91.

Editor Democrat:

Well, I have been silent for sometime, but am not dead by a long shot. I have been very busy with Peggy Jane and the children, gathering cotton to donate to monopoly.

John Simmons, of Rusk county, and R. H. Cook, of Hamilton county, were visiting relatives and friends in this vicinity last week. They both think this would be a good cotton country if the people would plant on a large scale. From the looks of the little patches around they think it would grow here first rate.

J. P. Winder and lady, of Copeville, were the guest of J. H. Cook and wife last Sunday. They attended prayer meeting here Sunday night.

John Spurgin has ginned five hundred bales of cotton up to date.

I see the decree has gone forth from the McKinney d-e m-o-c-r-a-t-i-c club, that the soul that believeth in the sub-treasury cannot be a democrat. I have not been studying politics much of late and had hoped that the country could be saved without my efforts, but I see I am bound to hit 'em a lick or too. When we try to drive a good democrat from our ranks on account of his sub-treasury views we, not only display our want of common sense, but we seal the fate of the party forever. If we deprive men of all privileges to our democratic councils how can we expect them to vote the ticket we bosses fix up for them. It is generally supposed that our national banking system is undemocratic and class legislation. Have we not men in our party by the thousands who are favorable to the system and many of them in the banking business? If we cast the sub-treasurites out let the bankers go too. Let us make a clear sweet of it while we are at it.

The alien land law adopted by the last legislature was a democratic measure, therefore all democrats who are not favorable to the law must light a shuck.

As I may want to organize a democrat club soon, and in order that I may have clear views of democracy, I would most respectfully ask the gentleman who introduced the anti-sub-treasury resolution in the McKinney club to give a correct definition to democracy, and point out the class legislation feature of the sub-treasury and hand to THE DEMOCRAT for publication.

UNCLE MIKE.

"Peter Piper Picked a Peck of Pickled Peppers," was a line of alliterative nonsense, that the children used to say. Nowadays they can practice on the Perfect, Painless, Powerful Properties of Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. It will impress a fact which will be useful to know. These Pellets cure sick headache, billious attacks, indigestion, constipation and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. They are tiny, sugar-coated pills, easy to take and as a laxative, one is sufficient for a dose. No more groans and gripes from the old drastic remedies! Pierce's Purgative Pellets are as painless as they are perfect in their effects.

To prove that the chief and sustaining purpose of a political party of unlimited duration is spoils it is only necessary to observe that no party has lasted long without some of the spoils to feed upon.—Dallas News.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, OHIO, Jan. 10, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Chenes & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen such a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure, Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props.
Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75 c.

PUBLICATION OF NEW WORLD.

The Wonderful Marksman Turns Out to be a Detective.

J. C. J. Waters, of Roland, Texas, was in the office few days ago and finished contracting for a large amount of job work.

For along time this man has been a mystery to those who were acquainted with his movements. He came here seven or eight years ago, when yet in his 'teens and procured the Bowlby's school, which he taught; boarding at the time with Mr. Jonas Bass. The school hadn't more than expired when he disappeared, no one knew where. Letters occasionally were received from him from Florida, New Jersey, New York and other places; but nothing was thought of this only that he was engaged in some traveling business, drumming or something. Traveling about till late in the fall, he again returned, taking up board at Mr. William Roberts, claiming he had a school away some place for the winter, and wanted to board with them till time to commence it. In about six weeks he accordingly departed; and at about the time his school should have been out he again came back and taken up board at the same place, claiming his school was out. But it has been since found out that he had never taught school that year.

The reserved nature of these two old people, who were then living by themselves, and located between two large belts of timber, explains the object of his having taken up board where he did; thus giving him assurance of a seclusion in case of mishaps, and affording him convenience to the timbers in which to ramble and shoot about with his winchester, and undoubtedly for other reasons peculiar to men of adventure.

Teaching a few months in the year, generally, and take expeditions abroad, or shoot about at leisure with his winchester, and apparently do nothing, is what he's been doing ever since he came here. Upon his return last year after a five months trip, one man made the expression that the cost of the cartridges he shot away and the guns he wore out since he has been here amounted to as much as he made from his school teaching when here, and where he gets his money from to pay for his clothes, traveling expenses and board bills, he didn't know.

Such mysteries were explained to us a few days ago when he showed himself up as a detective. No wonder he can shoot. The object of making himself known, he said, was that a large manuscript of an obscure, but valuable nature came to his hand and intrusted to him, as manager, to have published into a book. And that therefore, he finds it expedient, in order to insure confidence in him, to make known his true vocation. It is this manuscript we have contracted to publish. His object to get it published at this place, he says, is for the reason he is at the present located here and can give it better attention.

The author of this book is personally unknown, but his name, however, is Angelo Philipp Adomi Strato; and judging from his writing is from a foreign land. The title of the book is to be New World, the Problem of the Contest between Capital and Labor Solved.

This manuscript is obscure because the author environs himself with mysteries; and is valuable, particularly, because it gives democracy in a science and demonstrates that the time is impending when it must be settled whether our government shall be a scientific democracy or a monarch.

The Farmers' alliance is asking the legislature for a stay law. Here Chairman Finley will have another opportunity to read out the farmers. Farmers are expected to vote, but only the organized lawyers, the organized bankers, the organized stockmen, or the organized merchants can recommend legislation or make demands upon the law-making power. Just as soon as farmers, through their organization, formulate a demand upon congress or the legislature it becomes a political organization. This may not be agreeable to some people, but it is true nevertheless. The Times-Herald is not that kind of a class democrat. The farmers of this country are worthy citizens, they are nearly all democrats and they have a right to their organizations the same as other occupations, and they have a perfect right to make recommendations or demands for legislation without being read out of the party they have been the chief stay of for many, many years. Equal and exact justice to all, is the mud-sill of Jeffersonian democracy. The farmers have the right of petition, and they have not made a record as bolters or revolutionists where the government or party has seen fit not to adopt their suggestions. —Times-Herald.

It's sometimes said patent medicines are for the ignorant. The doctors foster this idea.

"The people," we're told, "are mostly ignorant when it comes to medical science."

Suppose they are! What a sick man needs is not knowledge, but a cure, and the medicine that *cures* is the medicine for the sick.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures the "do believes" and the "don't believes." There's no hesitance about it, no "if" nor "possibly."

It says—"I can cure you, only do as I direct."

Perhaps it fails occasionally. The makers hear of it when it does, because they never keep the money when the medicine fails to do good.

Suppose the doctors went on that principle. (We beg the doctors' pardon. It wouldn't do!)

Choking, sneezing and every other form of catarrh in the head, is radically cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Fifty cents. By druggists.

Special Notice.

Great Bargains in Mens' Suits, Boy's Suits and Overcoats at M. ARON'S.

Morgan Democratic Club.

Morgan, Bosque Co., Tex. Oct. 26.—In obedience to the call of J. W. Tinnin, secretary of the democratic county executive committee of Bosque county, a meeting was held in the office of the Citizen to-day to organize a democratic club and to determine the status politically of the sub-treasuryites.

After the organization of a club O. R. Belcher addressed the club and offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The democracy of precinct No. 4, in mass meeting assembled, not having delegated to any authority to hand any construction of democratic principles, and ret ining the right to be the judge of our membership in our primary meetings, and to instruct our delegates whom we appoint to higher democratic conventions, do hereby declare:

That it is the sense of this meeting that Hon. N. W. Finley, chairman of the state democratic executive committee, having attempted to usurp power not delegated to him, and having ordered the expulsion of believers in the subtreasury from the democratic primaries, but retaining therein the members of the national banking association, has proved recreant to the high trust reposed in him, faithless to the true principles of the democratic party and pusillanimons and apostate toward the democrats that gave him the balance of power in the San Antonio state convention. Therefore be it

Resolved, That he and his henchmen that indorse his usurpation, deserve and should receive the scorn and execration of every true democrat in the state, and be it further

Resolved, That if there is any one in this meeting who indorses his attempted despotic ruling, he is hereby expelled from the democratic party of precinct No. 4, of Bosque county, Tex.

Resolved, further, That while we, the democracy of precinct No. 4, heartily approve the platform of principles as set forth at Ocala, Fla., December, 1890, we are simon pure democrats, having voted the democratic ticket in the last election, and many of us never having voted any other ticket.

Resolved, That as the speaker of the house of representatives has the appointment of all committees and therefore indirectly the power to kill many good bills, and that as R. Q. Mills is not in sympathy with the agricultural democracy on finance, it is the sense of this meeting that our congressman, Jo Abbott, be requested to withhold his support from him and vote for some one in sympathy with us on finance, and that the secretary is instructed to send Congressman Jo Abbott a copy of this resolution.

Dave Gilis offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That inasmuch as J. W. Tinnin, who called this meeting, is in sympathy with the plutocracy and in collusion with bank officials, whom the San Antonio convention has condemned, it is the sense of this meeting that he be expelled from the democratic party of this precinct.

Quinine is unquestionally a good medicine but it has been much abused by the people living in the malarious districts of the South, who fly to it for relief, and continue its use until their nervous system is perverted and their hearing impaired. Cheatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic is more effective, cheaper and entirely harmless. Try it. Price 50 and 75 cents per bottle. "No cure, no pay."

Dolls of all sizes at the Nickel Store.

For groceries see Goostree and Foster.

If you wish a good square meal or lunch call on S. T. Hammond, opposite J. P. Dowell's hardware store.

Photo and autograph albums at the Nickel Store.

When in the city don't fail to call on Goostree & Foster for fresh groceries at a bargain.

Base balls and toys of all kind at the Nickel Store.

Fish, oysters, fruits and confectioneries at S. T. Hammond's restaurant, opposite J. P. Dowell's,

Go to the Nickel Store for glass and tinware.

Goostree & Foster have just opened a new grocery house. Give them a call, next door to J. P. Dowel.

Abundance of new goods at the Nickel Store.

A good many people are prejudiced against patent medicines because some they have used proved worthless. This is wrong—each remedy like each individual, should be judged upon their own merits, not the merits of others. Cheatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic is a remedy of sterling worth. Be fair and give it a trial, Price 50 and 75 cents. "No cure, no pay."

R. C. Knott, blacksmith, requests us to state that his accounts are due and all those who owe him are urgently requested to settle at once.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedly cure billiousness bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequal for men, women, children. Smallest mildest, surest! 50 doses, 25 cts. Sample Free, at Smith Bros. Drug Store.

Smith Bros.

Keep on hand fresh drugs, patent medicines of all kinds. Also toilet articles of any description; in fact, everything in the drug line. Call and see them, east side of the square.

Itch is a most disagreeable affliction and should be at once checked. Hunt's Cure will do it—seven year or any other variety, also Tetter, Ringworm, etc. Guaranteed to cure. Price 50 cents per box.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvelous cure for catarrh diphtheria, canker mouth and headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by Bristol Bros.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

BRISTOL BROS.,
Druggist.

THE BUCKSKIN BREECHES

ARE THE BEST MADE, BEST FITTING, BEST WEARING JEAN PANTS IN THE WORLD!

Manufactured by J. R. GOODWIN & CO., EVANSVILLE, IND.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS TO EXCLUSIVE AGTS.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

B. & T. C. TIME CARD.

Going south,	No. 2	.....	6:00 a. m.
"	No. 4	.....	4:48 p. m.
"	No. 14	.....	0:10 p. m.
Going north,	No. 3	.....	9:04 a. m.
"	No. 1	.....	8:46 p. m.
"	No. 13	.....	6:10 a. m.
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Arrives at		.....	12:40 p. m.
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The auctioneer of "cheap goods" continues to cry on our streets.

Frank Ford exhibited an Indian mummy in McKinney last Monday.

Dr. T, C. Reedy will be at the City hotel next Monday and Tuesday.

A man was arrested and fined for riding on the sidewalk last Monday.

The cotton market is dull, but the matrimonial market remains firm.

Tom Burch, of near Wylie, Tex., was in the city Monday on business.

It is thought that the artesian well committee has gone the way of McGinty.

The cotton wharf caught on fire last Friday but only three bales were burned.

J. A. Evans returned this week from a business trip to Beeville, Texas.

George Yeager, of Ardmore, I. T., came down last Saturday to enter into school.

John Y. Bowen is in the city attending the session of the commissioner's court.

If you want to see us act polite just walk in and give us some subscription money.

THE DEMOCRAT is doing business up stairs just east of J. P. Dowell's hardware store.

Frank James is in the city. He has some fine Spanish jacks on exhibition at Gabe Beck's stable.

The pastor wants to see every Methodist at the 11 o'clock service next Sunday. No collection.

Mr. J. L. Lovelady, of Newport, Texas, called in to see us last Tuesday and renewed for THE DEMOCRAT and congratulated us upon its improvement.

Hundreds of people drags along through the weary summer months their lives made miserable by chills and fever and who could be well and happy if they would only take Cheatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It never fails to cure and is only 50 and 75 cents per bottle. "No cure, no pay."

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters restores the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

Mr. John Davis, fomerally of this city, but now of Greenville was in the city last Friday and Saturday.

W. T. Myrick, of St. Paul, was in to see us and left a large sweet potato on our exchange table. Thanks.

Dick Beavers and Ike Mc Donald quarreled last Sunday east of Wylie, resulting in the fatal injury of Beavers.

Our good friend J. H. Isbell, a rustling farmer from near Altogo, was in the city on the notorious "first Monday."

Rainfall in Oct. 1891, as kept by C. B. Moore at advalorem, 6 miles north of McKinney. Texas. Oct. 4, 1-8 of an inch.

From the number of people in McKinney last Monday one would think that the Dallas fair visitors had all called to see us.

W. W. Chapman, of Allen, filed a bond last Monday for $8,000 preparatory to taking charge of the Postoffice at that place.

The handsome correspondent of the Dallas News wires to that paper that "McKinney has an artesian well on paper and a cow law."

Jim Rogers, of Verona, and Bob Jett from east of McKinney, ran a foot race last Monday at the fair grounds resulting in a victory for the latter.

Charlie Quisenberry (col.) faked a horse belonging to Jno. Martin last Saturday night, but was caught in Dallas. He now languishes in the county jail.

A Mr. Cook, who lives in McKinney and a Mr. Andrews, of Lazy Neck, ran a foot race last Monday—victory for the former. One hundred dollars were staked on the race.

Mr. Paul Bean and Miss Mary Umphres were married at the residence of the bride's father at Van Alstyne last Sunday. Mrs. Bean is a sister to Mrs. H. L. Davis of this city.

Miss Annie White, daughter of Mr. Joe White, formerally of our city, but now of Weatherford, spent several days in our city last week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. O'Gwin.

J. H. Bryant, of Fayburgh, lost his pocket book together with $100 in it last Sunday on the Ladonia road just east of McKinney. John Johnson Jr., found the book, but it was empty. The owner will pay a liberal reward for the money or any clew leading to its recovery.

Bob Skein, the jeweler, gunsmith and sewing machine repairer, who has given satisfaction in the past has opened up a shop on East Louisiana street near the depot, where he invites the public to call and give him a trial

Many old soldiers, who contracted chronic diarrhoe while in the service, have since been permanently cured of it by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by Bristol Bros.

One day last week a couple applied to Ed Keen for a marriage certificate. The groom was near 70 years old and the bride about 60 years old. True to his instruction Ed required the happy pair to make affidavit that they had arrived at the marriageable age.

For lame back there is nothing better than to saturate a flannel cloth with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on the affected parts. Try it and you will be surprised at the prompt relief it affords. The same treatment will cure rheumatism. For sale by Bristol Bros.

Rev. B. H. Carroll, one of the most distinguished divines of the South preached at the Baptist church Sunday and Sunday night last. His sermon on Sunday night was grand. He elicited the rapt attention of his audiance as he handled his subject with argumentative skill, clothed in the most beautiful and impressive language. None but those who have heard this eloquent and gifted man know how to appreciate his worth and honor to the Lone Star State.

Its Excellent Qualities

Commend to public approval the California liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs. It is pleasing to the eye, and to the taste and by gently acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, it cleanses the system effectually, thereby promoting the health and comfort of all who use it.

We believe that the stingiest man in Texas lives in McKinney. A lawyer told us the following incident of a retired gentleman, who is not worth over $40,000: "This man of economy came down to a grocery house one morning for some butter. The price was 25 cents per lb., which he claimed was more than he could stand. He said he wanted some 10 cent butter, even if it was a little strong—that he had a large family of children who could eat it, while he would take 1-2 lb. of good butter for him and his wife."

An honest Swede tells his story in plain but unmistakable language for the benefit of the public. "One of my children took a severe cold and got the croup. I gave her a teaspoonful of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and in five minutes later I gave her one more. By this time she had to cough up the gathering in her throat. Then she went to sleep and slept good for fifteen minutes. Then she got up and vomited; then she went back to bed and slept good for the remaider of the night. She got the croup the second night and I gave her the same remedy with the same good results. I write this because I thought there might be some one in the same need and not know the true merits of this wonderful medicine." Charles A. Thompseen, Des Moines, Iowa. 50 cent bottles for sale by Bristol Bros.

Marriage Bells.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by county clerk Keen, since our last report:

Edgar Averitt and Mattie Burruss, J. T. Brigham and Bernettie Nelson, W. B. Stark and M. A. Garrett, Joseph Runnion and Mrs. Mary Griffin, J. F. Hook and Susan Gist, O. H. Dodson and Tennie Felker.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs Michael Curtain, Plainfield Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued use and after taking ten bottles found herself sonnd and well, now does her own house work and is as well as ever she was.—Free trial bottle of this Great Discovery at E. N. McAulay & Bro's Drug store, large bottle 50c and $1 00

The following named gentle men favored us by paying subscription this week:

W. P. Yeary,
Jim Biggs,
P. B. Bucklew,
J. M. Lewis,
Jno. M. Lewis,
Britt Simmons,
J. L. Lovelady,
W. S. Crocket.
J. W. Reed.

A Fatal Mistake.

Physicians make no more fatal mistake than when they inform patients that heart trouble comes from the stomach and are of little consequence. Dr. Franklin Miles, the noted Indiana Specialist, has proven the contrary in his new book on "Heart Disease," which may be had free at Smith Bros Drugstore, who guarantees and recommends Dr. Miles unequaled New Heart Cure, which has the largest aale of any heart remedy in the world. It cures nervous and organic heart disease short breath, fluttering, pain or tenderness in the side, arm or shoulder, irregular pulse, fainting, smothering, dropsy, etc. His restorative nervine cures headache, fits, etc.

It is a notorious fact that almost all the so called self-made men of Texas are men who have been kept in office by the people for nearly a generation. Yet they look the voters who made them in the face and boast of the wonderful things they have done for themselves.—Dallas News.

The is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of cough, croup and bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price, 10c., 50c., and $1. If your lungs are sore chest, or lame back, use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Sold by Bristol Bros.

ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

Cook--Aspley.

Mr. F. T. Cook and Miss Eubera Aspley were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony at the First Methodist church in Sherman yesterday in the presence of a large concourse of friends. The groom is a young gentleman of high attainments, engaged as special agent of the New York Life insurance company. He is well and favorably know in and around McKinney, where he has been engaged in business for several months past. The bride is one of Sherman's fairest and lovable daughters, possessed of all the qualities necessary for a true and noble life partner to the one who is blessed by winning her heart and hand.

The happy couple passed through McKinney last evening enroute to Galveston, where they will remain for several days. THE DEMOCRAT wishes their future pathway to be arched by garlands of never fading flowers, the fragrance of which will accompany them to the shore beyond—where they may bask in the sunshine of eternal joy.

RUNNION—GRIFFIN.

Mr. Joseph Runnion and Mrs. M. E. Griffin were married at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. Bennett, near Gray Bill, last Sunday. THE DEMOCRAT heartily extends the usual congratulations and bespeaks for them a long life of domestic happiness.

The following were present at the reception give at the residence of Joseph Runnion and lady, on North Tennessee street, on last Monday evening: Rev. Dr. Russel and lady, Dr. Erwin and lady, Pierce Brooks and lady, Col. Allison and daughter, Mrs. Maddix, Joe Horton and Eva French, Chas. Eastes and Ida Douglass,—— Smith, Dr. Gale, Capt. Lon Blizard, James Douglass and family, Mrs. Sallie Douglass entertained.

A nice supper was given and all enjoyed themselves. Several presents were received, one being a sack of flour and another a dollars worth of sugar.

HILL—FOX.

Mr. Will Hill and Miss Lillie Fox were married at the Christian church last evening, Rev. Pritchett officiating. The church was filled with relatives and friends to greet the happy pair. After the marriage ceremony the bride and groom took the south-bound train amid showers of blessings from admiring friends.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant; same town says Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle at E. N. McAulay & Bro. drug store.

The standing armies in politics, called grand old parties, sell to the people their rights at so much apiece. The people are taxed for liberties and protection which they never receive.—Dallas News.

How to Succeed.

This is the great problem of life which few satisfactorily solve. Some fail because of poor health, others want of luck, but the majority from deficient grit—want of nerve. They are nervous, irresalute, changeable. easily get the blue and "take the spirits down to keep the spirits up," thus wasting money, time, opportunity and nerve force, There is nothing like the Restorative Nervine, discovered by the great specialist Dr. Miles to cure all nervous diseases as, headache, the blues, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, fits, and hysteria. Trial bottle and fine book of testimonials free at Smith Bros., Drug store.

Special Notice.

Dress Goods, Trimmings and Millinery in endless variety, for less money than any house in McKinney. Give us a call,

M. ARON.

Wants to Organize a Democrat Club.

The Sub-Treasury Bill.

LUCAS, Oct. 29, '91.

Editor Democrat:

Well, I have been silent for sometime, but am not dead by a long shot. I have been very busy with Peggy Jane and the children, gathering cotton to donate to monopoly.

John Simmons, of Rusk county, and R. H. Cook, of Hamilton county, were visiting relatives and friends in this vicinity last week. They both think this would be a good cotton country if the people would plant on a large scale. From the looks of the little patches around they think it would grow here first rate.

J. P. Winder and lady, of Copeville, were the guest of J. H. Cook and wife last Sunday. They attended prayer meeting here Sunday night.

John Spurgin has ginned five hundred bales of cotton up to date.

I see the decree has gone forth from the McKinney d-e m-o-c-r-a-t-i-c club, that the soul that believeth in the sub-treasury cannot be a democrat. I have not been studying politics much of late and had hoped that the country could be saved without my efforts, but I see I am bound to hit 'em a lick or too. When we try to drive a good democrat from our ranks on account of his sub-treasury views we, not only display our want of common sense, but we seal the fate of the party forever. If we deprive men of all privileges to our democratic councils how can we expect them to vote the ticket we bosses fix up for them. It is generally supposed that our national banking system is undemocratic and class legislation. Have we not men in our party by the thousands who are favorable to the system and many of them in the banking business? If we cast the sub-treasurites out let the bankers go too. Let us make a clear sweet of it while we are at it.

The alien land law adopted by the last legislature was a democratic measure, therefore all democrats who are not favorable to the law must light a shuck.

As I may want to organize a democrat club soon, and in order that I may have clear views of democracy, I would most respectfully ask the gentleman who introduced the anti-sub-treasury resolution in the McKinney club to give a correct definition to democracy, and point out the class legislation feature of the sub-treasury and hand to THE DEMOCRAT for publication.

UNCLE MIKE.

"Peter Piper Picked a Peck of Pickled Peppers," was a line of alliterative nonsense, that the children used to say. Nowadays they can practice on the Perfect, Painless, Powerful Properties of Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. It will impress a fact which will be useful to know. These Pellets cure sick headache, billious attacks, indigestion, constipation and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. They are tiny, sugar-coated pills, easy to take and as a laxative, one is sufficient for a dose. No more groans and gripes from the old drastic remedies! Pierce's Purgative Peljets are as painless as they are perfect in their effects.

To prove that the chief and sustaining purpose of a political party of unlimited duration is spoils it is only necessary to observe that no party has lasted long without some of the spoils to feed upon.—Dallas News.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

TOLEDO, OHIO, Jan. 10, 1887.

Messrs. F. J. Chenes & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen such a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure, Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props.
Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75 c.

PUBLICATION OF NEW WORLD.

The Wonderful Marksman Turns Out to be a Detective.

J. C. J. Waters, of Roland, Texas, was in the office few days ago and finished contracting for a large amount of job work.

For along time this man has been a mystery to those who were acquainted with his movements. He came here seven or eight years ago, when yet in his 'teens and procured the Bowlby's school, which he taught; boarding at the time with Mr. Jonas Bass. The school hadn't more than expired when he disappeared, no one knew where. Letters occasionally were received from him from Florida, New Jersey, New York and other places; but nothing was thought of this only that he was engaged in some traveling business, drumming or something. Traveling about till late in the fall, he again returned, taking up board at Mr. William Roberts, claiming he had a school away some place for the winter, and wanted to board with them till time to commence it. In about six weeks he accordingly departed; and at about the time his school should have been out he again came back and taken up board at the same place, claiming his school was out. But it has been since found out that he had never taught school that year.

The reserved nature of these two old people, who were then living by themselves, and located between two large belts of timber, explains the object of his having taken up board where he did; thus giving him assurance of a seclusion in case of mishaps, and affording him convenience to the timbers in which to ramble and shoot about with his winchester, and undoubtedly for other reasons peculiar to men of adventure.

Teaching a few months in the year, generally, and take expeditions abroad, or shoot about at leisure with his winchester, and apparently do nothing, is what he's been doing ever since he came here. Upon his return last year after a five months trip, one man made the expression that the cost of the cartridges he shot away and the guns he wore out since he has been here amounted to as much as he made from his school teaching when here, and where he gets his money from to pay for his clothes, traveling expenses and board bills, he didn't know.

Such mysteries were explained to us a few days ago when he showed himself up as a detective. No wonder he can shoot. The object of making himself known, he said, was that a large manuscript of an obscure, but valuable nature came to his hand and intrusted to him, as manager, to have published into a book. And that therefore, he finds it expedient, in order to insure confidence in him, to make known his true vocation. It is this manuscript we have contracted to publish. His object to get it published at this place, he says, is for the reason he is at the present located here and can give it better attention.

The author of this book is personally unknown, but his name, however, is Angelo Philipp Adomi Straio; and judging from his writing is from a foreign land. The title of the book is to be New World, the Problem of the Contest between Capital and Labor Solved.

This manuscript is obscure because the author environs himself with mysteries; and is valuable, particularly, because it gives democracy in a science and demonstrates that the time is impending when it must be settled whether our government shall be a scientific democracy or a monarch.

The Farmers' alliance is asking the legislature for a stay law. Here Chairman Finley will have another opportunity to read out the farmers. Farmers are expected to vote, but only the organized lawyers, the organized bankers, the organized stockmen, or the organized merchants can recommend legislation or make demands upon the law-making power. Just as soon as farmers, through their organizations, formulate a demand upon congress or the legislature it becomes a political organization. This may not be agreeable to some people, but it is true nevertheless. The Times-Herald is not that kind of a class democrat. The farmers of this country are worthy citizens, they are nearly all democrats and they have a right to their organizations the same as other occupations, and they have a perfect right to make recommendations or demands for legislation without being read out of the party they have been the chief stay of for many, many years. Equal and exact justice to all, is the mudsill of Jeffersonian democracy. The farmers have the right of petition, and they have not made a record as bolters or revolutionists where the government or party has seen fit not to adopt their suggestions.—Times-Herald.

It's sometimes said patent medicines are for the ignorant. The doctors foster this idea.

"The people," we're told, "are mostly ignorant when it comes to medical science."

Suppose they are! What a sick man needs is not knowledge, but a cure, and the medicine that *cures* is the medicine for the sick.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures the "do believes" and the "don't believes." There's no hesitance about it, no "if" nor "possibly."

It says—"I can cure you, only do as I direct."

Perhaps it fails occasionally. The makers hear of it when it does, because they never keep the money when the medicine fails to do good.

Suppose the doctors went on that principle. (We beg the doctors' pardon. It wouldn't do!)

Choking, sneezing and every other form of catarrh in the head, is radically cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Fifty cents. By druggists.

Special Notice.

Great Bargains in Mens' Suits, Boy's Suits and Overcoats at M. ARON'S.

Morgan Democratic Club.

Morgan, Bosque Co., Tex. Oct. 26.—In obedience to the call of J. W. Tinnin, secretary of the democratic county executive committee of Bosque county, a meeting was held in the office of the Citizen to-day to organize a democratic club and to determine the status politically of the sub-treasuryites.

After the organization of a club O. R. Belcher addressed the club and offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The democracy of precinct No. 4, in mass meeting assembled, not having delegated to any authority to hand any construction of democratic principles, and ret ining the right to be the judge of our membership in our primary meetings, and to instruct our delegates whom we appoint to higher democratic conventions, do hereby declare:

That it is the sense of this meeting that Hon. N. W. Finley, chairman of the state democratic executive committee, having attempted to usurp power not delegated to him, and having ordered the expulsion of believers in the subtreasury from the democratic primaries, but retaining therein the members of the national banking association, has proved recreant to the high trust reposed in him, faithless to the true principles of the democratic party and pusillanimons and apostate toward the democrats that gave him the balance of power in the San Antonio state convention. Therefore be it

Resolved, That he and his henchmen that indorse his usurpation, deserve and should receive the scorn and execration of every true democrat in the state, and be it further

Resolved, That if there is any one in this meeting who indorses his attempted despotic ruling, he is hereby expelled from the democratic party of precinct No. 4, of Bosque county, Tex.

Resolved, further, That while we, the democracy of precinct No. 4, heartily approve the platform of principles as set forth at Ocala, Fla., December, 1890, we are simon pure democrats, having voted the democratic ticket in the last election, and many of us never having voted any other ticket.

Resolved, That as the speaker of the house of representatives has the appointment of all committees and therefore indirectly the power to kill many good bills, and that as R. Q. Mills is not in sympathy with the agricultural democracy on finance, it is the sense of this meeting that our congressman, Jo Abbott, be requested to withhold his support from him and vote for some one in sympathy with us on finance, and that the secretary is instructed to send Congressman Jo Abbott a copy of this resolution.

Dave Gilis offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That inasmuch as J. W. Tinnin, who called this meeting, is in sympathy with the plutocracy and in collusion with bank officials, whom the San Antonio convention has condemned, it is the sense of this meeting that he be expelled from the democratic party of this precinct.

Quinine is unquestionally a good medicine but it has been much abused by the people living in the malarious districts of the South, who fly to it for relief, and continue its use until their nervous system is perverted and their hearing impaired. Cheatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic is more effective, cheaper and entirely harmless. Try it. Price 50 and 75 cents per bottle. "No cure, no pay."

Dolls of all sizes at the Nickel Store.

For groceries see Goostree and Foster.

If you wish a good square meal or lunch call on S. T. Hammond, opposite J. P. Dowell's hardware store.

Photo and autograph albums at the Nickel Store.

When in the city don't fail to call on Goostree & Foster for fresh groceries at a bargain.

Base balls and toys of all kind at the Nickel Store.

Fish, oysters, fruits and confectioneries at S. T. Hammond's restaurant, opposite J. P. Dowell's,

Go to the Nickel Store for glass and tinware.

Goostree & Foster have just opened a new grocery house. Give them a call, next door to J. P. Dowel.

Abundance of new goods at the Nickel Store.

A good many people are prejudiced against patent medicines because some they have used proved worthless. This is wrong—each remedy like each individual, should be judged upon their own merits, not the merits of others. Cheatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic is a remedy of sterling worth. Be fair and give it a trial. Price 50 and 75 cents. "No cure, no pay."

R. C. Knott, blacksmith, requests us to state that his accounts are due and all those who owe him are urgently requested to settle at once.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedly cure billousness bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequal for men, women, children. Smallest mildest, surest! 50 doses, 25 cts. Sample Free, at Smith Bros. Drug Store.

Smith Bros.

Keep on hand fresh drugs, patent medicines of all kinds. Also toilet articles of any description; in fact, everything in the drug line. Call and see them, east side of the square.

Itch is a most disagreeable affliction and should be at once checked. Hunt's Cure will do it—seven year or any other variety, also Tetter, Ringworm, etc. Guaranteed to cure. Price 50 cents per box.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvelous cure for catarrh diphtheria, canker mouth and headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by Bristol Bros.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

BRISTOL BROS., Druggist.

THE BUCKSKIN BREECHES

ARE THE BEST MADE, BEST FITTING, BEST WEARING JEAN PANTS IN THE WORLD!

Manufactured by J. R. GOODWIN & CO., EVANSVILLE, IND.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS TO EXCLUSIVE AGENTS.

STRAIOISM.

NEW WORLD.

We quote the following introductory from the NEW WORLD, the book we have contracted to publish and will continue in the future to quote select paragraphs that the public may be able to criticise in advance the merit of the work

The book treats of two parts—political and private. In order to get it before the public as early as possible, we will issue the political part first in a pamphlet form, afterwards the two will be combined, which will contain over 600 pages.

ANGELO PHILIPP ADOMI STRAIO, come in rescue to the people of America, amidst their growing troubles and impending dangers. Conscious of my competency and ability as your guide and director, and prompted by specters in the heavens as a token of my mission, is why I come; whereas, henceforth, I will dictate and write as I shall perceive.

In the former time of your republic, although embarrassed with poor machinery, poor facilities of conveyance and transportation, and with disadvantages generally, you were blessed with prosperity and plenty; and truthfulness, mutual confidence and association, liberality and philanthropy, prevailed. Farmers could work but three or four years and have farms and homes of their own, and live well. They could spare five or ten days in the month sporting about in the forest with their guns, ride about on the lakes in their canoes, and frolic about to corn shuckings and log-rollings, and be happy and fare well. Merchants, manufacturing classes and professional men by virtue of their positions, could in a few years have homes, have comfortable surroundings and be blessed with plenty. And persons engaged in trade and transportation could make money with facility, and live and do well. Regardless of the pursuance of occupation, the people were sociable, affable, congratulatory, and formed one and the same society. In their intercourse they acted confidentially, were honest and gave assistance to the poor and needy. Pursuances of occupation were attended with regularity, abundance of employment afforded to all, and tramps, dead-beats and beggars were unknown.

But, lo! these good old times have passed away, and are no more. Great inventions and improvements have since been made, adding to the facilities of the people, and still plenty of lands to be homesteaded, as in former times exist; but some abominable changes have taken place averse to their well-being, so that the facilities such inventions, improvements and conditions afford, appear to be of no avail. Farmers, owning farms, can work hard during the hot summer without losing a day until their crops are made and sold, and receive for their services but a mere pittance compared to what is received by the partisans of banking corporations, of railroad corporations, of corporations of monopolies, and speculating kings generally, who strut about and do nothing. Renters of farms can work hard all day long in the sweltering sun and until late hours at night, and realize from their work barely enough to subsist, regardless of ever being able to obtain homes of their own, unless at a time when they are physical wrecks. And farmers may mortgage their lands, and procure money with which to make investments to better their conditions, but undoubtedly, owing to high interests, only to be relinquished to the capitalists, and lose all. The fraternity of wage-workers toil and drudge to sustain themselves a scanty living, and, invariably, doomed to humble circumstances. Distinction in the society of the people is beginning to be prominently manifested, governed by the nature of business-pursuances and the degree of wealth is possessed. In their intercourse, they are to a great degree selfish and dishonest, owing to their struggle for their own maintenance; and many times in case of intercourse between the poor and wealthy, the wealthy take the advantage, and, instead of giving them assistance, beat them out of what little they do have, and impel them into hardships and grievances to that extent farther. And traveling footmen are wandering through the country in search of employment, who, when unable to find any and out of money, and required to ask for little something to eat, are called dead-beats and tramps by the wealthier classes, and rather saluted with curses and a kick than with few morsels of bread to satisfy their hunger.

Yea, two features are prominently and clearly being manifested, and growing with great rapidity as time advances: the minority becoming richer and supercilious, and the majority poorer and subservient; the former a growing nobility of a monarchy, and the latter the growing commonalty or the serfs.

Hear you me, O you people of America! Hear you me, for the time of your deliverance is at hand! The same monster's fangs, essentially, that garroted and tore down the republic of Carthage; that garroted and tore down the republic of Rome; that twice garroted and tore down the republic of France—these same monster's fangs, essentially, have seized your republic, and unless you get them extricated, they will also tare it down.

Such is the state of your republic. That which causes it is nothing more than your republic is not a republic in principles, but only in name—partakes in part of a monarchy, the same as did other republics which have existed and have fallen. What makes a monarchy (a limited monarchy) is for the people to be disfranchised of their voice in certain forms of public matter, and allowed under the control of a class or classes, corporation or corporations, thereby unjustly bereaving them of certain portions of their earnings.

The form of public matter which exists under control of such classes or corporations differs in different republics. In your republic it is public banking matter, public railroad and telegraph matter, and monopolies, together with the toleration of unjust tariff and improper systems of elections.

Some may regard this with frivolous concern; but I tell you, it's a lion in your house, and a boa constrictor in your bed, and if you aren't careful they'll get you.

It concerns not what the public matter is, of which the people are disfranchised of their voice and under the control of certain classes or corporations—that the people are unjustly bereaved of a portion of their earnings is enough. It concerns not whether the people are bereaved of certain portions of their earnings by a privileged class through means of taxes on tea or taxes through means of using stamped papers as the British government tried to force on your forefathers when yet under her dominion, whether the people are bereaved of certain portions of their earnings by a privileged class through means of disfranchisement of their voice in a public exchequer as under the monarchy of England, or whether, by a privileged class or classes, disfranchised of their voice in public banking matter, and public railroad and telegraph matter, and unjustly bereaved of certain portions of their earnings—the state of the people being disfranchised of their voice in public matter and tolerate under control of a class or classes, and unjustly bereaved of certain portions of their earnings is alike, and is monarchical in one case the same as in another.

It is of this prevalence of monarchical rule under which your republic exists, and the deficiencies it inherits as a true and impartial government, that I have come to inform you; and also to inform you of the best methods of success in private business, and other matter connected with both to any degree of importance. In the latter (the other matter), for instance, I will treat on the evils of the use of intoxicating beverages for the purpose of showing that there should be a law for its suppression, and then give the proper form of law for the suppression of drunkenness; and will treat on the usefulness of education to show that there should be laws to enforce the promotion thereof, and then give such laws in proper form.

In these treaties I will characterize every chapter or subject and every engraving with the greatest aphorism and conspicuity, so that a reader can merely read the titles of chapters and inscriptions of engravings, and obtain a very good idea of the essential advocacy of this book. And I will use language in my expression which is laconical and rational, so as not to worry you with a redundance of words and useless prattle or flattery. In illustrations I give, I will aim not at accuracy of numbers so much as to make an impression of the existence and truthfulness whereof I speak. For instance, where I compute the degree of prosperity the establishment of the vicissitudes will bring, I do not aim at the accuracy what degree the people will better their condition per year or per day as much as I aim to show that there exists artifice and corruption in government and private matter wherein they can better their condition if they will. And I will proceed on an argumentative basis, and theorize in behalf of the justice of the people for the present and the future, without giving any tedious naratives or treaties on matters of the past.

The principal themes on which I shall treat are:—The essentials of democracy; demarkation between matter on transactions which are political, and those which are private; a national union of states more consistent and propitious than a confederation of states, and apportionment of political power among the different political divisions; monopolies undemocratic and nuisances; railroad matter and telegraph matter under control of private corporations, the incursion of unjust concentration of capital and undemocratic; national banks under control of private corporations, the incursion of unjust concentration of capital and undemocratic; railroad matter, telegraph matter and banking matter, under jurisdiction of the government, no centralization of power but consistent and propitious; proper systems of elections; circulatory mediums of exchange; proper form of taxation; tariff; exclusion of foreign idiots, lunatics and paupers, from a democracy; slavery unjust and unpropitious to well being; different races of people under one government, whose amalgamation inconsistent, productive of contentions, troubles and corruption; stability of a democracy; compromise and reconciliation in time of popolitical trouble more propitous and just than war; qualified voters in a democracy; international democracy; a revised form of the democratic constitution; occupation and prosperity; evils in the use of intoxicating beverages, together with proper form of law for the suppression of drunkenness; evils in the habitual use of tobacco together with proper form of law for the restriction thereof, and other injurious habits and customs; education and proper forms of law for the promotion thereof; and admonitions to the people generally.

I say these things in the introduction that you may know that I am properly informed at the commencement of the writing of this book, and that I know of the cogency and practicability of what I am writing. With these remarks, as an introduction, I will now proceed to the segregation and demonstration of those principles in detail, hoping that you will approve and appreciate the manner of arrangement and mode of expression.

The Truth is Just.

There is a very wrong impression abroad in the land. The Fort Worth Gazette, Finley's ukase and other such partisan mistakes have created the impression over the state that the Farmers' alliance passed a resolution pledging its members to vote for no man who did not indorse the Ocala demands. Such a resolutions was offered, but defeated by a vote of 8 to 1. Will the Gazette and Mr. Finley have the manliness to acknowledge and correct their error? It is on THIS ASSUMPTION that they justify the request for Committeeman Cole's resignation. Without this error, they have not a peg left to stand upon.

Let the press of the state correct this erroneous impression. The truth is due the alliance democrats, and it is due the press itself that the truth should be known.—Times Herald.

From Anna.

ANNA, Tex., Nov. 2, '91.

Editor Democrat:

Not seeing any news from this part the writer is almost persuaded to attempt to claim some of your valuable space to give a few items.

Cotton picking is progressing finely. It is estimated that at least two-thirds of the crop is gathered and sold, (or most given away.) The Anna gin and Mill company, has put up to date about 900 bales of cotton, Wysons about 500 and McKinney Bros. about 625. The numerous gins that have burned of late are causing considable coment.

Oh, ye that swallow up the needy, even to make the poor of the land to fail. Saying when will the new moon be gone that we may sell corn? and the sabbath, that we may set fourth wheat, making the ephah small and the shekel great, and falsifying the balance by deceit, that we may buy the poor with silver and the needy for a pair of shoes, yea, and sell the refused of the wheat. The Lord hath sworn by the excellency of Jacob, surely I will never forget any of their works: Amos VIII, 4.

NYE.

Attention, Alliancemen.

Every member of the alliance in America should have a copy of The Great Groupe Picture of all our national officers—the National President, the national executive committee, the national secretary and all the state presidents, arranged in the most artistic style, by one of the finest artists in this country. It is on excellent enameled board, 19x24 inches, ready for framing. Every alliance home and every alliance hall should have it.

This picture can be seen at the DEMOCRAT office where orders will be taken for it. When in town be sure to call and see it.

World's Fair Encampment.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—At the convention of militiamen it was decided to hold a national encampment in Chicago during the World's fair, and the camp is to be located within a radius of twenty miles from the exposition grounds. On motion of General Snowden of Pennsylvania, and after a great discussion, Aug. 5 to 20, 1893, was adopted as the date of the great encampment. The matter of transportation was finally decided by the adoption of a resolution to the effect that the adjutant general of each state be appointed a committeeman of one for his state to act with Chairman Greener to arrange for all matters of transportation. It was decided that each member of the convention be authorized to exert all honorable means to secure the passage by congress of suitable legislation and appropriations to hold the encampment. Only regular army soldiers and regular enlisted national guards will be allowed to participate in the encampment.

Scared Her to Death.

CHADRON, Neb., Oct. 31.—Quite a number of Sioux Indians were in town trading, among them an Indian maiden of 17. Her native curiosity lead her to look into the window of John Larkin's restaurant, where "Calamity Hank," a broken-down gambler, was eating a lunch. Hank turned upon her as a joke, raised his arms, and started towards the girl. She turned pale, and with a moan dropped on the pavement unconscious. She was taken to her parents' tepee, where she died in a few hours, literally scared to death.

One of Many Wrongs.

Over 300 old men responded to a recent advertisement of a New York firm asking for three old men to do easy work. The reporter's heart was touched by the stories and appearance of the 297 disappointed applicants.

"I have searched for employment," said one, "for two years, and with the exception of a few odd jobs I have utterly failed. I now have poorer health, poorer spirits and less money than when I began to work for my living, and I see nothing before me but increased suffering and smaller prospects every day. There is no place in our civilization for old men. I blame no one. I simply recognize the fact that I am not needed in the world and it is best that I leave it."

The old man may not have been responsible for his poverty, but somebody is. This is a brutal civilization of ours. The worthy are often the weak, but the weak are not wanted. Society reserves its crown for those who can make money—and buckets of it.—New Nation.

Those persons who read newspapers—and quite a number are supposed to do so—frequently see mention made of Alliance tickets, Alliance parties, Alliance candidates, etc. All such statements are groundless. The Alliance is not a political party, makes no nominations, has never a ticket or candidates.

The Alliance is an order that investigates political questions and imparts instruction on political economic affairs. Members of all political parties make up the order and the only influence it exerts is through the information it secures and imparts to its members on political or governmental subjects.

To impart reliable information on these subjects is very dangerous to the present political parties, and this is wherein the offense of the Alliance lies. Those whose deeds are evil fear the light. Hence the hubbub raised against the Alliance.—Rising Sun (Mo.) Midland Journal.

WOMEN.

The hand that rocks the cradle is the hand that rules the world.

The influence of a mother, the influence of a sister, the influence of a wife. The world feels this influence. It shapes the destiny of men. For a mother's sake, for a sister's sake, for a wife's sake a man will strive to be honorable. He becomes ambitious. He becomes successful. Happy the household where the women folks are cheerful, contented, and happy. How pitable the home where mother, sister, or wife lies ill. How grand the remedy that is suited to the ills of womanhood and that will restore nervous, sickly, aching, despondent women to health and strength.

WEAK WOMEN

Such a remedy is Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla. It is eminently the best remedy for the weaknesses and distress incident to and following a condition of disordered female functions. It revives, strengthens, and regulates the feminine constitution. Mrs. Mary F. Wilkinson, Jackson, Tenn., writes:

"I was a very healthy woman before my marriage, but dating from a miscarriage, my health got to be very bad. My complexion became sallow. I became nervous and sleepless; I grew thin and despondent. My appetite was fickle, and what I ate laid like lead upon my stomach. My habits were irregular, and I suffered much pain. I used

MADE

prescriptions of several good doctors, but my ailments increased. A bearing down pain about my back and loins seemed as if it would kill me. I was subject to frequent headaches and bilious attacks. In this condition I began a use of Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla. It seemed precisely suited to my condition. Every spoonful seemed to go to the right spot. I soon showed great improvement, and my friends rejoiced at my returning health. I used it during the months of March and April, and give it all the credit for my present enjoyment of life and good health. It is a boon to weak and suffering women."

STRONG.

Nelly Davis, Helena, Ark., writes: "Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla has improved my health wonderfully, also greatly improved my looks. I had eruptions on my skin but they have disappeared, and I was very weak, with no appetite, and at times suffered great pain, but now I feel quite well again."

☞ Many a pale and sickly looking little child has been saved by its good mother giving it Dr. John Bull's Worm Destroyers. They taste good. Price 25 cents.

☞ Nothing makes a person feel so bad as a touch of chills and fever. Smith's Tonic Syrup is pleasant to take, and cures this ailment quickly.

JOHN D. PARK & SONS, *Wholesale Agents*, 169, 171 and 173 Sycamore St., Cincinnati, O

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1891.		NOVEMBER.				1891.
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BLAINE AND HARRISON

Said to Have Reached an Agreement About the Presidential Nomination.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—There has been the greatest curiosity evinced on all sides to see Mr. Blaine since his return to Washington, simply to ascertain whether or not he is a sick man. Those who have had a peep at him, and they are very few, for he is keeping himself very close, say that he appears to be in good health. His return has naturally provoked guesses as to the position he and Harrison occupy to each other in regard to the Republican nomination for president.

Sunday there were two prominent Republican names before Harrison for the vacancy which will shortly occur in the cabinet, occasioned by the withdrawal of Secretary of War Proctor. These names were that of Steve Elkins of West Virginia and Mr. Estee of California.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

It is almost certain that one or the other will be appointed to Proctor's place and the chances are decidedly favorable to Elkins. Both men are strong friends of Blaine and if either is appointed it looks as if there was an understanding between the president and secretary of state.

It is understood that the situation or agreement is about this: Blaine is not to make any effort to prevent the Maine delegation from presenting his name to the convention. Harrison is to be given a chance to see if he can carry the convention, but if he finds that it is against him then Blaine's name is to come in with the approval of Harrison. It is further agreed that Blaine by no word or act is to capture all the honor for the reciprocity treaties and vigorous foreign policies with Chile and other countries.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

The Mulatto Murderer of the Lowe Family Cremated.

ATLANTA, Tex., Nov. 2.—Lee Wilson, the mulatto who brutally murdered the Lowe family near Douglassville, this county, Saturday, was captured at Kildare, thirteen miles from here, and taken to Linden jail by Deputy Sheriff Clem Galloway.

Early Monday morning a mob went to the jail and demanded the keys. The sheriff was away and the mob soon forced the sheriff's wife to surrender the keys. Wilson was taken from the jail to the scene of his crime, where, after a full confession, he was taken in charge by forty-six negroes, who volunteered their services to burn him.

He was led to a hillside and chained to a persimmon tree and willing hands soon piled kindling wood to his shoulders. Then a match was applied by an old colored woman in the presence of 1000 people. Lee Wilson was burned to death. The whole proceeding was carried on by negroes, except a lady chained him to the tree.

Lee Wilson was 18 years old. He shot and killed the wife of his employer, John Lowe, a white farmer living near Douglassville, dragged the corpse from the house and threw the body in the well. He then threw her innocent, playful babe in the well and chased her 5-year-old boy, who, being frightened jumped into the well.

Wilson then threw a wash tub and rubbish in on top of his victims, returned to the house, broke open a trunk in which he knew Mr. Lowe kept his money, took $80, mounted a mule and rode off.

Mr. Lowe, who had gone to the cotton gin, returned home shortly afterwards to find his family missing, his house plundered and blood stained. On searching he found the bodies of his wife and children in the well.

After being taken out the little boy, though nearly dead, was still conscious and told the above horrible story with all its sickening details.

Searching parties were at once organized, joined in by negroes, and pursuit made. The murderer rode the mule down, stole a fresh horse about midnight from a Mr. Waters and was overtaken with above result.

A Murderer Indeed.

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 28.—Murderer Williamson, under sentence of death, states that his confession published Oct. 18 was false. He said moreover that he alone killed his wife, who disappeared in 1889, that he killed a man by the name of Koch, an old German; that he butchered an entire family near Centralia, Ills., in 1883, and that he committed other crimes, but he was unable to give the facts.

A Chance for the Democrats.

The logic of events seems to indicate that there is a victory in store for the Democratic party if it will throw off the domination of the machine by a return to pure Jeffersonian Democracy and demonstrate it by a complete break with New England on the tariff, and an open war with Wall street on finance, and conduct a people's campaign without money, relying on principle and patriotism. This must come some time, and if neither party management has the honesty and candor to accept it (they must see it) they will be largely responsible for the reorganization of the politics of the country upon those lines.—National Economist.

Canine Sagacity.

JACKSON, Miss., Oct. 31.—As a striking instance of canine sagacity the following is worthy of mention. Several colored boys were playing on the bank of Pearl river when Robert Jackson, years of age, fell in. He was being rapidly borne away by the current when the dog, a setter less than 1 year old, jumped into the water, seized the boy by the clothing and swam with him to the shore where he [illegible]

Cough-Cures

Are abundant; but the one that KNOWS for its extraordinary anodyne and expectorant qualities is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For nearly half a century this preparation has been in greater demand than any other remedy for colds, coughs, bronchitis, and pulmonary complaints in general.

"I suffered for more than eight months from a severe cough accompanied with hemorrhage of the lungs and the expectoration of matter. The physicians gave me up, but my druggist prevailed on me to try

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

I did so, and soon began to improve; my lungs healed, the cough ceased, and I became stouter and healthier than I have ever been before. I would suggest that the name of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral be changed to Elixir of Life, for it certainly saved my life."—F. J. Olliden, Salto, Buenos Ayres.

"A few years ago I took a very bad cold, which settled on my lungs. I had night sweats, a racking cough, and great soreness. X's doctor's medicine did me no good. I tried many remedies, but received no benefit; everybody despaired of my recovery. I was advised to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, as a last resort, did so. From the first dose I obtained relief, and, after using two bottles of it, was completely restored to health."—F. Adams, New Gretna, N. J.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

New Grocery House!

Goostree & Foster.

FRESH GOODS -- CHEAP GOODS

For First Class Groceries of all kinds call on Goostree & Foster.

East Louisiana Street, next door to J. P. Dowel.

A. T. WILSON, J. E. WILSON, T. H. WILSON

A. T. Wilson & Co.

Confectioners, Grocers and Proprietors

—OF THE—

STAR RESTAURANT

No. 18 West Louisiana Street, Bingham Block,

Respectfully solicit your patronage.

BOARD AND LODGING, PER DAY.. .....$

" " " " WEEK.....

" " " " MONTH.....

Meals, any hour between 6 a. m. and 8 p. m., for 25 cts.

F. EMERSON, President. T. T. EMERSON, Vice-President. T. H. EMERSON, Cashier.

First National Bank

OF M'KINNEY, TEXAS.

CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - $125,000

Buys and sells exchange on the principal cities in Europe. First-class paper discounted.

DIRECTORS: Francis Emerson, T. T. Emerson, T. H. Emerson, Jno. L. Lovejoy, C. H. Welch.

Business hours—9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Tonsorial Parlors

J. W. BRADLEY, Proprietor.

Nothing but first-class artists employed.

Hot and cold baths always.

Southeast Corner Square

AND THOSE FARMERS THAT READ

TEXAS FARM AND RANCH

GENERALLY HAVE A WAGON LOADED WITH THE CHOICEST FARM AND STOCK PRODUCTS FOR SALE.

THE FARM AND STOCK DEPARTMENTS contain [illegible] from the most successful, intelligent and reliable farmers and stock raisers.

THE ORCHARD AND GARDEN DEPARTMENTS are filled with practical articles from successful and able writers.

THE POULTRY DEPARTMENT is a special and useful feature.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENTS are presided over by able and competent editors.

TEXAS FARM AND RANCH

Published at Dallas, Texas, by the oldest and best farm, family and stock paper published in the South, and should be a welcome visitor in every home.

TEXAS FARM AND RANCH is earnestly, strongly and fearlessly in its efforts to advance the people and protect and promote their best interests.

It refuses to accept [illegible] or anything objectionable. It is a friend to the people, and if you are not a subscriber, now is the time to subscribe. If you are a subscriber, [illegible]

Texas Farm and Ranch is the leading [illegible]

STRAIOISM.

NEW WORLD.

We quote the following introductory from the NEW WORLD, the book we have contracted to publish and will continue in the future to quote select paragraphs that the public may be able to criticise in advance the merit of the work

The book treats of two parts—political and private. In order to get it before the public as early as possible, we will issue the political part first in a pamphlet form, afterwards the two will be combined, which will contain over 600 pages.

ANGELO PHILIPP ADOMI STRAIO, come in rescue to the people of America, amidst their growing troubles and impending dangers. Conscious of my competency and ability as your guide and director, and prompted by specters in the heavens as a token of my mission, is why I come; whereas, henceforth, I will dictate and write as I shall perceive.

In the former time of your republic, although embarrassed with poor machinery, poor facilities of conveyance and transportation, and with disadvantages generally, you were blessed with prosperity and plenty; and truthfulness, mutual confidence and association, liberality and philanthropy, prevailed. Farmers could work but three or four years and have farms and homes of their own, and live well. They could spare five or ten days in the month sporting about in the forest with their guns, ride about on the lakes in their canoes, and frolic about to corn shuckings and log-rollings, and be happy and fare well. Merchants, manufacturing classes and professional men by virtue of their positions, could in a few years have homes, have comfortable surroundings and be blessed with plenty. And persons engaged in trade and transportation could make money with facility, and live and do well. Regardless of the pursuance of occupation, the people were sociable, affable, congratulatory, and formed one and the same society. In their intercourse they acted confidentially, were honest and gave assistance to the poor and needy. Pursuances of occupation were attended with regularity, abundance of employment afforded to all, and tramps, dead-beats and beggars were unknown.

But, lo! these good old times have passed away, and are no more. Great inventions and improvements have since been made, adding to the facilities of the people, and still plenty of lands to be homesteaded, as in former times exist; but some abominable changes have taken place averse to their well-being, so that the facilities such inventions, improvements and conditions afford, appear to be of no avail. Farmers, owning farms, can work hard during the hot summer without losing a day until their crops are made and sold, and receive for their services but a mere pittance compared to what is received by the partisans of banking corporations, of railroad corporations, of corporations of monopolies, and speculating kings generally, who strut about and do nothing. Renters of farms can work hard all day long in the sweltering sun and until late hours at night, and realize from their work barely enough to subsist, regardless of ever being able to obtain homes of their own, unless at a time when they are physical wrecks. And farmers may mortgage their lands, and procure money with which to make investments to better their conditions, but undoubtedly, owing to high interests, only to be relinquished to the capitalists, and lose all. The fraternity of wage-workers toil and drudge to sustain themselves a scanty living, and, invariably, doomed to humble circumstances. Distinction in the society of the people is beginning to be prominently manifested, governed by the nature of business-pursuances and the degree of wealth is possessed. In their intercourse, they are to a great degree selfish and dishonest, owing to their struggle for their own maintenance; and many times in case of intercourse between the poor and wealthy, the wealthy take the advantage, and, instead of giving them assistance, beat them out of what little they do have, and impel them into hardships and grievances to that extent farther. And traveling footmen are wandering through the country in search of employment, who, when unable to find any and out of money, and required to ask for little something to eat, are called dead-beats and tramps by the wealthier classes, and rather saluted with curses and a kick than with few morsels of bread to satisfy their hunger.

Yea, two features are prominently and clearly being manifested, and growing with great rapidity as time advances: the minority becoming richer and supercilious, and the majority poorer and subservient; the former a growing nobility of a monarchy, and the latter the growing commonalty or the serfs.

Hear you me, O you people of America! Hear you me, for the time of your deliverance is at hand! The same monster's fangs, essentially, that garroted and tore down the republic of Carthage: that garroted and tore down the republic of Rome; that twice garroted and tore down the republic of France—these same monster's fangs, essentially, have seized your republic, and unless you get them extricated, they will also tare it down.

Such is the state of your republic. That which causes it is nothing more than your republic is not a republic in principles, but only in name—partakes in part of a monarchy, the same as did other republics which have existed and have fallen. What makes a monarchy (a limited monarchy) is for the people to be disfranchised of their voice in certain forms of public matter, and allowed under the control of a class or classes, corporation or corporations, thereby unjustly bereaving them of certain portions of their earnings.

The form of public matter which exists under control of such classes or corporations differs in different republics. In your republic it is public banking matter, public railroad and telegraph matter, and monopolies, together with the toleration of unjust tariff and improper systems of elections.

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It concerns not what the public matter is, of which the people are disfranchised of their voice and under the control of certain classes or corporations—that the people are unjustly bereaved of a portion of their earnings is enough. It concerns not whether the people are bereaved of certain portions of their earnings by a privileged class through means of taxes on tea or taxes through means of using stamped papers as the British government tried to force on your forefathers when yet under her dominion, whether the people are bereaved of certain portions of their earnings by a privileged class through means of disfranchisement of their voice in a public exchequer as under the monarchy of England, or whether, by a privileged class or classes, disfranchised of their voice in public banking matter, and public railroad and telegraph matter, and unjustly bereaved of certain portions of their earnings—the state of the people being disfranchised of their voice in public matter and tolerate under control of a class or classes, and unjustly bereaved of certain portions of their earnings is alike, and is monarchical in one case the same as in another.

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I say these things in the introduction that you may know that I am properly informed at the commencement of the writing of this book, and that I know of the cogency and practicability of what I am writing. With these remarks, as an introduction, I will now proceed to the segregation and demonstration of those principles in detail, hoping that you will approve and appreciate the manner of arrangement and mode of expression.

The Truth is Just.

There is a very wrong impression abroad in the land. The Fort Worth Gazette, Finley's ukase and other such partisan mistakes have created the impression over the state that the Farmers' alliance passed a resolution pledging its members to vote for no man who did not indorse the Ocala demands. Such a resolutions was offered, but defeated by a vote of 8 to 1. Will the Gazette and Mr. Finley have the manliness to acknowledge and correct their error? It is on THIS ASSUMPTION that they justify the request for Committeeman Cole's resignation. Without this error, they have not a peg left to stand upon.

Let the press of the state correct this erroneous impression. The truth is due the alliance democrats, and it is due the press itself that the truth should be known.—Times Herald.

From Anna.

ANNA, Tex., Nov. 2, '91.

Editor Democrat:

Not seeing any news from this part the writer is almost persuaded to attempt to claim some of your valuable space to give a few items.

Cotton picking is progressing finely. It is estimated that at least two-thirds of the crop is gathered and sold, (or most given away.) The Anna gin and Mill company, has put up to date about 900 bales of cotton, Wysons about 500 and McKinney Bros. about 625. The numerous gins that have burned of late are causing considable coment.

Oh, ye that swallow up the needy, even to make the poor of the land to fail. Saying when will the new moon be gone that we may sell corn? and the sabbath, that we may set fourth wheat, making the ephah small and the shekel great, and falsifying the balance by deceit, that we may buy the poor with silver and the needy for a pair of sheos, yea, and sell the refused of the wheat. The Lord hath sworn by the excellency of Jacob, surely I will never forget any of their works: Amos VIII, 4.

NYE.

Attention, Alliancemen.

Every member of the alliance in America should have a copy of The Great Groupe Picture of all our national officers—the National President, the national executive committee, the national secretary and all the state presidents, arranged in the most artistic style, by one of the finest artists in this country. It is on excellent enameled board, 19x24 inches, ready for framing. Every alliance home and every alliance hall should have it.

This picture can be seen at the DEMOCRAT office where orders will be taken for it. When in town be sure to call and see it.

World's Fair Encampment.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—At the convention of militiamen it was decided to hold a national encampment in Chicago during the World's fair, and the camp is to be located within a radius of twenty miles from the exposition grounds. On motion of General Snowden of Pennsylvania, and after a great discussion, Aug. 5 to 20, 1893, was adopted as the date of the great encampment. The matter of transportation was finally decided by the adoption of a resolution to the effect that the adjutant general of each state be appointed a committeeman of one for his state to act with Chairman Grecner to arrange for all matters of transportation. It was decided that each member of the convention be authorized to exert all honorable means to secure the passage by congress of suitable legislation and appropriations to hold the encampment. Only regular army soldiers and regular enlisted national guards will be allowed to participate in the encampment.

Scared Her to Death.

CHADRON, Neb., Oct. 31.—Quite a number of Sioux Indians were in town trading, among them an Indian maiden of 17. Her native curiosity lead her to look into the window of John Larkin's restaurant, where "Calamity Hank," a broken-down gambler, was eating a lunch. Hank turned upon her as a joke, raised his arms, and started towards the girl. She turned pale, and with a moan dropped on the pavement unconscious. She was taken to her parents' tepee, where she died in a few hours, literally scared to death.

One of Many Wrongs.

Over 300 old men responded to a recent advertisement of a New York firm asking for three old men to do easy work. The reporter's heart was touched by the stories and appearance of the 297 disappointed applicants.

"I have searched for employment," said one, "for two years, and with the exception of a few odd jobs I have utterly failed. I now have poorer health, poorer spirits and less money than when I began to work for my living, and I see nothing before me but increased suffering and smaller prospects every day. There is no place in our civilization for old men. I blame no one. I simply recognize the fact that I am not needed in the world and it is best that I leave it."

The old man may not have been responsible for his poverty, but somebody is. This is a brutal civilization of ours. The worthy are often the weak, but the weak are not wanted. Society reserves its crown for those who can make money—and buckets of it.—New Nation.

Those persons who read newspapers—and quite a number are supposed to do so—frequently see mention made of Alliance tickets, Alliance parties, Alliance candidates, etc. All such statements are groundless. The Alliance is not a political party, makes no nominations, has never a ticket or candidates.

The Alliance is an order that investigates political questions and imparts instruction on political economic affairs. Members of all political parties make up the order and the only influence it exerts is through the information it secures and imparts to its members on political or governmental subjects.

To impart reliable information on these subjects is very dangerous to the present political parties, and this is wherein the offense of the Alliance lies. Those whose deeds are evil fear the light. Hence the hubbub raised against the Alliance.—Rising Sun (Mo.) Midland Journal.

WOMEN.

The hand that rocks the cradle is the hand that rules the world.

The influence of a mother, the influence of a sister, the influence of a wife. The world feels this influence. It shapes the destiny of men. For a mother's sake, for a sister's sake, for a wife's sake a man will strive to be honorable. He becomes ambitious. He becomes successful. Happy the household where the women folks are cheerful, contented, and happy. How pitable the home where mother, sister, or wife lies ill. How grand the remedy that is suited to the ills of womanhood and that will restore nervous, sickly, aching, despondent women to health and strength.

WEAK WOMEN

Such a remedy is Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla. It is eminently the best remedy for the weaknesses and distress incident to and following a condition of disordered female functions. It revives, strengthens, and regulates the feminine constitution. Mrs. Mary F. Wilkinson, Jackson, Tenn., writes:

"I was a very healthy woman before my marriage, but darling from a miscarriage, my health got to be very bad. My complexion became sallow. I became nervous and sleepless; I grew thin and despondent. My appetite was fickle, and what I ate laid like lead upon my stomach. My habits were irregular, and I suffered much pain. I used

MADE

prescriptions of several good doctors, but my ailments increased. A bearing down pain about my back and loins seemed as if it would kill me. I was subject to frequent headaches and bilious attacks. In this condition I began a use of Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla. It seemed precisely suited to my condition. Every spoonful seemed to go to the right spot. I soon showed great improvement, and my friends rejoiced at my returning health. I used it during the months of March and April, and give all the credit for my present enjoyment of life and good health. It is a boon to weak and suffering women."

STRONG.

Nelly Davis, Helena, Ark., writes: "Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla has improved my health wonderfully, also greatly improved my looks. I had eruptions on my skin but they have disappeared, and I was very weak, with no appetite, and at times suffered great pain, but now I feel quite well again."

☞ Many a pale and sickly looking little child has been saved by its good mother giving it Dr. John Bull's Worm Destroyers. They taste good. Price 25 cents.

☞ Nothing makes a person feel so bad as a touch of chills and fever. Smith's Tonic Syrup is pleasant to take, and cures this ailment quickly.

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1891.		NOVEMBER.				1891.
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BLAINE AND HARRISON

Said to Have Reached an Agreement About the Presidential Nomination.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—There has been the greatest curiosity evinced on all sides to see Mr. Blaine since his return to Washington, simply to ascertain whether or not he is a sick man. Those who have had a peep at him, and they are very few, for he is keeping himself very close, say that he appears to be in good health. His return has naturally provoked guesses as to the position he and Harrison occupy to each other in regard to the Republican nomination for president.

Sunday there were two prominent Republican names before Harrison for the vacancy which will shortly occur in the cabinet, occasioned by the withdrawal of Secretary of War Proctor. Those names were that of Steve Elkins of West Virginia and Mr. Estee of California.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

It is almost certain that one or the other will be appointed to Proctor's place and the chances are decidedly favorable to Elkins. Both men are strong friends of Blaine and if either is appointed it looks as if there was an understanding between the president and secretary of state.

It is understood that the situation or agreement is about this: Blaine is not to make any effort to prevent the Maine delegation from presenting his name to the convention. Harrison is to be given a chance to see if he can carry the convention, but if he finds that it is against him then Blaine's name is to come in with the approval of Harrison. It is further agreed that Blaine by no word or act is to capture all the honor for the reciprocity treaties and vigorous foreign policies with Chile and other countries.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

The Mulatto Murderer of the Lowe Family Cremated.

ATLANTA, Tex., Nov. 2.—Lee Wilson, the mulatto who brutally murdered the Lowe family near Douglassville, this county, Saturday, was captured at Kildare, thirteen miles from here, and taken to Linden jail by Deputy Sheriff Clem Galloway.

Early Monday morning a mob went to the jail and demanded the keys. The sheriff was away and the mob soon forced the sheriff's wife to surrender the keys. Wilson was taken from the jail to the scene of his crime, where, after a full confession, he was taken in charge by forty-six negroes, who volunteered their services to burn him.

He was led to a hillside and chained to a persimmon tree and willing hands soon piled kindling wood to his shoulders. Then a match was applied by an old colored woman in the presence of 1000 people. Lee Wilson was burned to death. The whole proceeding was carried on by negroes, except a lady chained him to the tree.

Lee Wilson was 18 years old. He shot and killed the wife of his employer, John Lowe, a white farmer living near Douglassville, dragged the corpse from the house and threw the body in the well. He then threw her innocent, playful babe in the well and chased her 5-year-old boy, who, being frightened jumped into the well.

Wilson then threw a wash tub and rubbish in on top of his victims, returned to the house, broke open a trunk in which he knew Mr. Lowe kept his money, took $60, mounted a mule and rode off.

Mr. Lowe, who had gone to the cotton gin, returned home shortly afterwards to find his family missing, his house plundered and blood stained. On searching he found the bodies of his wife and children in the well.

After being taken out the little boy, though nearly dead, was still conscious and told the above horrible story with all its sickening details.

Searching parties were at once organized, joined in by negroes, and pursuit made. The murderer rode the mule down, stole a fresh horse about midnight from a Mr. Waters and was overtaken with above result.

A Murderer Indicted.

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 28.—Murderer Williamson, under sentence of death, states that his confession published Oct. 18 was false. He said moreover that he alone killed his wife, who disappeared in 1889, that he killed a man by the name of Koch, an old German; that he butchered an entire family near Centralia, Ills., in 1883, and that he committed other crimes, but he was unable to give the facts.

A Chance for the Democrats.

The logic of events seems to indicate that there is a victory in store for the Democratic party if it will throw off the domination of the machine by a return to pure Jeffersonian Democracy and demonstrate it by a complete break with New England on the tariff, and an open war with Wall street on finance, and conduct a people's campaign without money, relying on principle and patriotism. This must come some time, and if neither party management has the honesty and candor to accept it (they must see it) they will be largely responsible for the reorganization of the politics of the country upon those lines.—National Economist.

Canine Sagacity.

JACKSON, Miss., Oct. 31.—As a striking instance of canine sagacity the following is worthy of mention. Several colored boys were playing on the bank of Pearl river when Robert Jackson, 6 years of age, fell in. He was being rapidly borne away by the current when the dog, a setter less than 1 year old, jumped into the water, seized the boy by the clothing and swam with him to the shore where he was rescued and sent home.

Cough-Cures

Are abundant; but the one best known for its extraordinary anodyne and expectorant qualities is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For nearly half a century this preparation has been in greater demand than any other remedy for colds, coughs, bronchitis, and pulmonary complaints in general.

"I suffered for more than eight months from a severe cough accompanied with hemorrhage of the lungs and the expectoration of matter. The physicians gave me up, but my druggist prevailed on me to try

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

I did so, and soon began to improve; my lungs healed, the cough ceased, and I became stouter and healthier than I have ever been before. I would suggest that the name of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral be changed to Elixir of Life, for it certainly saved my life."—F. J. Olliden, Salto, Buenos Ayres.

"A few years ago I took a very bad cold, which settled on my lungs. I had night sweats, a racking cough, and great soreness. No doctor's medicine did me no good. I tried many remedies, but received no benefit; everybody despaired of my recovery. I was advised to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, as a last resort, did so. From the first dose I obtained relief, and, after using two bottles of it, was completely restored to health."—F. Adams, New Gretna, N. J.

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Pimples, Black-Heads,

A few applications

der the most stubbornly red skin

smooth and white. Viola Cream

not a paint or powder to cover

but a remedy to cure. It is super

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